

OVERALL CERTIFICATE FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS COMPANIES ACT 2014

Company Name: Randal Carpentry Limited
Company Number: 665254
Financial Year: Year Ended 31st December 2025

CERTIFICATE:

WE HEREBY CERTIFY that all documents which are required under Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014 to be annexed to this annual return, have been so annexed, and that they are true copies of the originals laid or to be laid before the relevant general meeting, or presented to the member(s).

Signature: Jana Tokosova
Secretary
Name: Jana Tokosova

Date: 24/3/26

Signature: William Kearney
Director
Name: William Kearney

Date: 24/3/26

Company registration number: 665254

Randal Carpentry Limited
Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Randal Carpentry Limited

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Randal Carpentry Limited

Directors and other information

Director	William Kearney
Secretary	Jana Tokosova
Company number	665254
Registered office	Teach Dubh Og Randalstown Navan Co. Meath
Business address	Teach Dubh Og Randalstown Navan Co. Meath
Accountants	O'Byrne Fay Limited 13B Mullaghboy Industrial Estate Navan, Co. Meath
Bankers	Allied Irish Bank Navan Co. Meath

Randal Carpentry Limited

Director's responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Director's Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime (FRS 105).

As such the director is responsible for preparing financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 with which the company is obliged to comply, including the appropriate use of the going concern basis of accounting, which is consistent with those requirements, and having availed of the exemptions to which the company is entitled by virtue of qualifying for the micro companies regime and FRS 105. Thereby, the financial statements are presumed, in law, to give a true and fair view without any consideration of any other circumstances, factors, accounting principles or disclosures.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and enable to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board:



William Kearney
Director

24th March 2026

Randal Carpentry Limited

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2025

	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed assets	37,312	-
Current assets	17,498	22,175
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(6,727)	(96)
Net current assets	10,771	22,079
Total assets less current liabilities	48,083	22,079
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	(26,309)	-
Accruals and deferred income	(2,100)	(2,000)
Net assets	19,674	20,079
Capital and reserves	19,674	20,079

I, as director of Randal Carpentry Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

Randal Carpentry Limited

**Balance sheet (continued)
As at 31 December 2025**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 24 March 2026 and signed by:

William Kearney

Director

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Will Kearney". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Randal Carpentry Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31 December 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Teach Dubh Og, Randalstown, Navan, Co. Meath.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured initially at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Randal Carpentry Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2025

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	19,979	14,607
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(405)	5,372
At the end of the financial year	<u>19,574</u>	<u>19,979</u>