

Company registration number: 411601

Kamec Engineering Limited

Unaudited abridged financial statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Kamec Engineering Limited

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Kamec Engineering Limited

Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Kamec Engineering Limited

Accountants' Report to the board of directors on the Unaudited abridged financial statements of Kamec Engineering Limited

In accordance with the engagement letter dated 17th January 2026, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, we have compiled the financial statements which comprise the , balance sheet and related notes from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the company's board of directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the company's board of directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's board of directors for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet for the financial year ended 31st December 2025 your duty under the Companies Act 2014 to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and prepared financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for that financial year, and otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

KL Collins & Co.
Chartered Accountants

1B Gurtnafleur Business Park,
Clonmel,
Co. Tipperary.

16 February 2026

Kamec Engineering Limited

Balance sheet As at 31st December 2025

	Note	2025		2024	
		€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	157,862		146,578	
			157,862		146,578
Current assets					
Debtors	7	72,449		142,087	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,759,168		4,292,067	
		4,831,617		4,434,154	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	8	(49,321)		(249,147)	
Net current assets			4,782,296		4,185,007
Total assets less current liabilities			4,940,158		4,331,585
Net assets			4,940,158		4,331,585
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			101		101
Fair value reserve			(59,382)		(59,382)
Profit and loss account			4,999,439		4,390,866
Shareholders funds			4,940,158		4,331,585

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these abridged financial statements.

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**Balance sheet (continued)
As at 31st December 2025**

We, as directors of Kamec Engineering Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 16th February 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Paul Kavanagh
Director

Helena Kavanagh
Director

The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Kamec Engineering Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31st December 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Silversprings, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary.

2. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Going concern

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Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the financial period in which the estimate is revised or the revision affects only that financial period or in the financial period of the revision and future financial periods if the revision affects both current and future financial periods. Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no critical judgements, estimates or assumptions made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that it is probable the expenses recognised will be recovered.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property	- 12.5% straight line
Plant and machinery	- 12.5% straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5% straight line
Motor vehicles	- 12.5% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st December 2025

3. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 20 (2024: 19).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	245,020	280,018
Social insurance costs	26,584	30,917
Other retirement benefit costs	5,929	15,177
	<u>277,533</u>	<u>326,112</u>

4. Profit before tax

Profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025	2024
	€	€
Depreciation of tangible assets	23,320	20,805
Fair value adjustments to financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	261
	<u>-</u>	<u>261</u>

5. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	4,390,866	3,789,208
Profit for the financial year	608,573	601,658
At the end of the financial year	<u>4,999,439</u>	<u>4,390,866</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31st December 2025

6. Tangible assets

	Long leasehold property €	Plant and machinery €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor vehicles €	Total €
Cost					
At 1st January 2025	61,200	4,405	29,218	145,995	240,818
Additions	-	-	-	59,272	59,272
Disposals	-	-	-	(39,468)	(39,468)
At 31st December 2025	<u>61,200</u>	<u>4,405</u>	<u>29,218</u>	<u>165,799</u>	<u>260,622</u>
Depreciation					
At 1st January 2025	8,143	1,652	28,722	55,723	94,240
Charge for the financial year	4,072	551	156	18,542	23,321
Disposals	-	-	-	(14,801)	(14,801)
At 31st December 2025	<u>12,215</u>	<u>2,203</u>	<u>28,878</u>	<u>59,464</u>	<u>102,760</u>
Carrying amount					
At 31st December 2025	<u>48,985</u>	<u>2,202</u>	<u>340</u>	<u>106,335</u>	<u>157,862</u>
At 31st December 2024	<u>53,057</u>	<u>2,753</u>	<u>496</u>	<u>90,272</u>	<u>146,578</u>

7. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	67,266	93,445
Other debtors	5,183	38,789
Prepayments	-	9,853
	<u>72,449</u>	<u>142,087</u>

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 €	2024 €
Payments received on account	-	30,000
Trade creditors	34,371	179,345
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	10,450	25,261
Accruals	4,500	14,541
	<u>49,321</u>	<u>249,147</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 31st December 2025

9. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 16 February 2026.