

Paul McDowell Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Paul McDowell Limited
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Paul McDowell Limited
DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Paul McDowell
Director

7 January 2026

Sue McDowell
Director

7 January 2026

Paul McDowell Limited
BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	140	471
Cash and cash equivalents		30,318	25,981
		<u>30,458</u>	<u>26,452</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(82,388)</u>	<u>(71,461)</u>
Net Current Liabilities		<u>(51,930)</u>	<u>(45,009)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u><u>(51,930)</u></u>	<u><u>(45,009)</u></u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>(52,030)</u>	<u>(45,109)</u>
Shareholders' Deficit		<u><u>(51,930)</u></u>	<u><u>(45,009)</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Paul McDowell Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 7 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Paul McDowell
Director

Sue McDowell
Director

Paul McDowell Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 April 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 May 2023	100	(36,313)	(36,213)
Loss for the financial year	-	(8,796)	(8,796)
At 30 April 2024	100	(45,109)	(45,009)
Loss for the financial year	-	(6,921)	(6,921)
At 30 April 2025	100	(52,030)	(51,930)

Paul McDowell Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. General Information

Paul McDowell Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. Shelsbury, 64 Ulverton, Dalkey, Co. Dublin, Republic of Ireland is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of services supplied by the company, exclusive of value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% Straight line
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The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Paul McDowell Limited**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**Useful Lives of Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets**

Long-lived assets comprising primarily of fixtures, fittings and equipment represent a significant portion of total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and, in certain circumstances, estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these useful lives and change them if necessary to reflect current conditions. In determining these useful lives management consider technological change, patterns of consumption, physical condition and expected economic utilization of the assets. Changes in the useful lives can have a significant impact on the depreciation charge for the financial year.

Going Concern

The directors have prepared budgets and cash flows for a period of at least twelve months from the date of the approval of the financial statements which demonstrate that there is no material uncertainty regarding the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and to continue as a going concern. On this basis the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may arise if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

4. Operating loss	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating loss is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	-	123
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 3, (2024 - 3).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Office Staff	3	3
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Paul McDowell Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

6. Tangible assets		
	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 May 2024	17,900	17,900
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 April 2025	17,900	17,900
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2024	17,900	17,900
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 April 2025	17,900	17,900
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net book value		
At 30 April 2025	-	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
7. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Other debtors	99	99
Taxation	41	372
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	140	471
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
8. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	35,068	38,634
Taxation	20,550	26,057
Other creditors	20,000	-
Accruals	6,770	6,770
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	82,388	71,461
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
9. Income Statement		
	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 May 2024	(45,109)	(36,313)
Loss for the financial year	(6,921)	(8,796)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 April 2025	(52,030)	(45,109)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
10. Capital commitments		
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.		
11. Directors' remuneration	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	39,935	34,436
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
12. Post-Balance Sheet Events		
There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.		

Paul McDowell Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

13. Related Party Transactions

During the year Senegal Ltd a company of which Paul McDowell is also a director and shareholder of was billed by the company for services provided to it amounting to €30,750 (2024: €51,095) and recharged expenses by the company of €2,289 (2024: €6,963).

14. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 7 January 2026.