

Wonderyears ECCE Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

Wonderyears ECCE Limited
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Wonderyears ECCE Limited

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Shannon McNamee
Director

9 March 2026

Wonderyears ECCE Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 August 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	1,575,195	1,625,241
Investments	7	403,008	459,008
Fixed Assets		1,978,203	2,084,249
Current Assets			
Stocks	8	4,797	4,797
Debtors	9	140,545	140,545
Cash and cash equivalents		211,414	135,723
		356,756	281,065
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(125,329)	(158,959)
Net Current Assets		231,427	122,106
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		2,209,630	2,206,355
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(354,512)	(450,050)
Net Assets		1,855,118	1,756,305
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		1,855,018	1,756,205
Equity attributable to owners of the company		1,855,118	1,756,305

I as Director of Wonderyears ECCE Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

Approved by the board on 9 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Shannon McNamee
Director

Wonderyears ECCE Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 31 August 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 September 2023	100	1,542,091	1,542,191
Profit for the financial year	-	214,114	214,114
At 31 August 2024	100	1,756,205	1,756,305
Profit for the financial year	-	98,813	98,813
At 31 August 2025	100	1,855,018	1,855,118

Wonderyears ECCE Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

1. General Information

Wonderyears ECCE Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. The registered office of the company is Rossbracken, Manorcunningham, Letterkenny, Co Donegal, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. Creche The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 August 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	2% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which it is receivable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Wonderyears ECCE Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	50,046	50,046
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
4. Interest payable and similar expenses	2025	2024
	€	€
Interest	18,037	25,838
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5. Employees		
The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial year was 80, (2024 - 80).		
	2025	2024
	Number	Number
General	80	80
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Wonderyears ECCE Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

6. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
Cost or Valuation			
At 1 September 2024	1,622,163	140,831	1,762,994
At 31 August 2025	1,622,163	140,831	1,762,994
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2024	96,342	41,411	137,753
Charge for the financial year	32,443	17,603	50,046
At 31 August 2025	128,785	59,014	187,799
Net book value			
At 31 August 2025	1,493,378	81,817	1,575,195
At 31 August 2024	1,525,821	99,420	1,625,241

7. Investments

	Other unlisted investments €	Total €
Investments		
Cost or Valuation		
At 1 September 2024	459,008	459,008
Additions	(56,000)	(56,000)
At 31 August 2025	403,008	403,008
Net book value		
At 31 August 2025	403,008	403,008
At 31 August 2024	459,008	459,008

8. Stocks

	2025 €	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale	4,797	4,797

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

9. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Other debtors	140,445	140,445
Director's current account	100	100
	140,545	140,545

Wonderyears ECCE Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

10. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	1,000	1,000
Taxation	96,895	128,759
Other creditors	23,434	25,200
Accruals	4,000	4,000
	<u>125,329</u>	<u>158,959</u>
11. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year	€	€
Bank loan	<u>354,512</u>	<u>450,050</u>
Loans		
Repayable between one and two years	<u>354,512</u>	<u>450,050</u>
12. Income Statement		
	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 September 2024	1,756,205	1,542,091
Profit for the financial year	<u>98,813</u>	<u>214,114</u>
At 31 August 2025	<u>1,855,018</u>	<u>1,756,205</u>
13. Capital commitments		
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 August 2025.		
14. Director's remuneration	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	<u>63,500</u>	<u>38,840</u>
15. Post-Balance Sheet Events		
There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.		
16. Approval of financial statements		
The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 9 March 2026.		