

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**ABRIDGED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
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**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

**"General responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements**

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Strata Financial, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 28 February 2025."

**Signed on behalf of the board**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Philip Hicks**  
**Director**

**26 January 2026**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Paul Hicks**  
**Director**

**26 January 2026**

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	132,657	196,198
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	7	285,000	250,000
Debtors	8	2,058,127	1,701,157
Cash and cash equivalents		3,912,827	3,337,725
		<u>6,255,954</u>	<u>5,288,882</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	<u>(2,013,179)</u>	<u>(1,479,622)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>4,242,775</u>	<u>3,809,260</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u><u>4,375,432</u></u>	<u><u>4,005,458</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		64	64
Other reserves	10	63	63
Retained earnings		4,375,305	4,005,331
<b>Shareholders' Funds</b>		<u><u>4,375,432</u></u>	<u><u>4,005,458</u></u>

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Killavaney Engineering Ltd, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 359 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 26 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Philip Hicks**  
**Director**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Paul Hicks**  
**Director**

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

	Called up share capital €	Capital conversion reserve €	Retained earnings €	Total €
<b>At 1 March 2023</b>	64	63	3,488,308	3,488,435
Profit for the financial year	-	-	817,023	817,023
Payment of dividends	-	-	(300,000)	(300,000)
<b>At 29 February 2024</b>	64	63	4,005,331	4,005,458
Profit for the financial year	-	-	1,119,974	1,119,974
Payment of dividends	-	-	(750,000)	(750,000)
<b>At 28 February 2025</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>4,375,305</b>	<b>4,375,432</b>

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

**1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Killavane Engineering Ltd. is a company limited by shares in the Republic of Ireland. The registered number of the company is 108734. Unit 64b, Heather Road, Sandyford Industrial Estate, Dublin 18 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Director's Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

**Statement of compliance**

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 28 February 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

**Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

**Turnover**

Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax. Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured.

**Tangible assets and depreciation**

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Long leasehold property	-	2% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25% Straight line
Computer Equipment	-	33% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount.

The company's policy is to review the remaining useful economic lives and residual values of Tangible fixed assets on an on-going basis and to adjust the depreciation charge to reflect remaining estimated useful economic life and residual value.

Fully depreciated long leasehold property, fixtures, fittings and equipment and motor vehicles are retained in the cost of the fixed assets and related accumulated depreciation until they are removed from service. In the case of disposals, assets and related depreciation are removed from the financial statements and the net amount, less proceeds from disposal, is charged or credited to the profit and loss account.

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow-moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

At the end of each reporting period Stocks are assessed for impairment. If an item of stock is impaired, the identified inventory is reduced to its net realisable value and an impairment charge is recognised in the profit and loss account

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

**Trade and other debtors**

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at transaction price and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amounts and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

**Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at transaction price and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

**Related parties**

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

**Employee benefits**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

**Taxation and deferred taxation**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

**Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

**Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3.</b>	<b>OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		€	€
	<b>Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	101,841	105,280
	Loss/(profit) on foreign currencies	265	(505)
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>4.</b>	<b>INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		€	€
	Interest	1,656	49
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

**5. EMPLOYEES**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 9, (2024 - 9).

**6. TANGIBLE ASSETS**

	Long leasehold property €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor vehicles €	Computer Equipment €	Total €
<b>Cost</b>					
At 1 March 2024	19,537	418,199	245,920	90,604	774,260
Additions	-	7,336	30,964	-	38,300
	<u>19,537</u>	<u>425,535</u>	<u>276,884</u>	<u>90,604</u>	<u>812,560</u>
At 28 February 2025	19,537	425,535	276,884	90,604	812,560
<b>Depreciation</b>					
At 1 March 2024	19,537	294,420	173,543	90,562	578,062
Charge for the financial year	-	47,233	54,608	-	101,841
	<u>19,537</u>	<u>341,653</u>	<u>228,151</u>	<u>90,562</u>	<u>679,903</u>
At 28 February 2025	19,537	341,653	228,151	90,562	679,903
<b>Net book value</b>					
At 28 February 2025	-	<b>83,882</b>	<b>48,733</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>132,657</b>
At 29 February 2024	-	123,779	72,377	42	196,198

**7. STOCKS**

	2025 €	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale	<b>285,000</b>	250,000

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**8. DEBTORS**

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	<b>1,939,946</b>	1,548,365
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<b>(199,351)</b>	(199,351)
Amounts owed by connected parties (Note 13)	<b>33,000</b>	33,000
Other debtors	<b>5,975</b>	-
Directors' current accounts	<b>135,312</b>	135,312
Taxation	<b>108,460</b>	149,231
Prepayments	<b>34,785</b>	34,600
	<u><b>2,058,127</b></u>	<u>1,701,157</u>

Amounts owed by group companies are unsecured and repayable on demand.

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

<b>9. CREDITORS</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Amounts owed to credit institutions	<b>4,912</b>	7,556
Trade creditors	<b>289,716</b>	738,939
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<b>207,514</b>	207,514
Taxation	<b>62,321</b>	36,155
Other creditors	<b>5,274</b>	32,582
Accruals	<b>310,934</b>	310,734
Deferred Income	<b>1,132,508</b>	146,142
	<b>2,013,179</b>	1,479,622

Amounts due to credit institutions represents a business credit card with a balance of €7,556 at year end.

Amounts due to group companies are unsecured and repayable on demand.

**10. INCOME STATEMENT**

	<b>Capital conversion reserve fund</b>	<b>Profit and loss account</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 March 2024	63	4,005,331	4,005,394
Profit for the financial year	-	1,119,974	1,119,974
Payment of dividends	-	(750,000)	(750,000)
At 28 February 2025	<b>63</b>	<b>4,375,305</b>	<b>4,375,368</b>

**11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 28 February 2025.

<b>12. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Remuneration	<b>162,426</b>	193,760
Pension contributions	<b>106,500</b>	250,000
	<b>268,926</b>	443,760

**13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Transactions with group companies include

As permitted by the Companies Act 2014 the company had transactions with other connected parties. The following amounts are receivable at the financial year end:

	<b>Balance 2025</b>	<b>Movement in year</b>	<b>Balance 2024</b>	<b>Maximum in year</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Pine Valley Property Holdings Limited	<b>33,000</b>	-	33,000	<b>254,901</b>

At 28 February 2025 the company was owed €33,000 (2024 €33,000) from Pine Valley Property Holdings Limited, a company with common directors in Paul Hicks and Philip Hicks.

**KILLAVANEY ENGINEERING LTD**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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Transactions and balances with group companies:

**Hivar T&D Engineering Limited**

At 28 February 2025 the company owed €199,351 (2024 €199,351) from Hivar Engineering Limited. Killavane Engineering Limited is a 82% subsidiary of Hivar T&D Engineering Limited.

**Switchgear Integration & Engineering Limited**

At 28 February 2025 the company owed €207,514 (2024 €207,514) to Switchgear Integration & Engineering Limited, a company with common directors in Paul Hicks and Philip Hicks.

**14. PARENT COMPANY**

The company regards Hivar T & D Engineering Limited as its parent company.

**15. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 January 2026.