

Company registration number 490307 (Ireland)

**R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD**  
**ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025**

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

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# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025**

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Raymond Barrett  
**Director**

Catherine Barrett  
**Director**

9 December 2025

# **R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD**

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION ON UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025***

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In relation to the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes:

- The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgments underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.
- The directors confirm that they have made available to Xeinadin, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.
- The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all transactions of the company for the year ended 30 September 2025.

On behalf of the board

Raymond Barrett  
**Director**

Catherine Barrett  
**Director**

9 December 2025

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

	Notes	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks	6	500		500	
Debtors	7	15,089		15,157	
Cash at bank and in hand		65,656		70,088	
		<u>81,245</u>		<u>85,745</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>					
	8	<u>(8,853)</u>		<u>(8,962)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>					
			72,392		76,783
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity	10		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	11		72,292		76,683
<b>Total equity</b>					
			<u>72,392</u>		<u>76,783</u>

We, as directors of R. Barrett Plumbing & Heating Services Ltd, state that:

(a) The company is availing itself of the exemption from audit provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.

(b) The company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied.

(c) The shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).

(d) The directors acknowledge the obligations of the company, under the Companies Act 2014:

(i) to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year; and

(ii) to otherwise comply with the provisions of this Act relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

(e) The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Statement Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 9 December 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Raymond Barrett  
Director

Catherine Barrett  
Director

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

R. Barrett Plumbing & Heating Services Ltd is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Ireland. The registered office is Reenroe, Clonakilty, Co Cork, Ireland and its company registration number is 490307.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102, and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price, costs directly attributable in bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use, applicable dismantling, removal and restoration costs and borrowing costs capitalised.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	12.5% Straight Line
Motor vehicles	12.5% Straight Line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Stocks

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# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value based on costs incurred for customers for which sales invoices have not been raised to cover such costs.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Other financial assets**

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

##### **Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

##### **Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Trade creditors are measured at invoice price, unless payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate. In this case the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### **1.10 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods. The following are the company's key sources of estimation uncertainty:

#### **Impairment of trade debtors**

The company trades with a large and varied number of customers on credit terms. Some debts due may not be paid through the default of a small number of customers. The company uses estimates based on historic experience and current information in determining the level of debts for which an impairment charge is required. The level of impairment required is reviewed on an ongoing basis. The total amount of trade debtors at the financial year end is disclosed in note 7.

### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Total	1	1

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# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

<b>4</b>	<b>Directors' remuneration</b>			
			<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
			€	€
	Remuneration for qualifying services		34,398	33,490
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>5</b>	<b>Tangible fixed assets</b>			
		<b>Plant and equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
		€	€	€
	<b>Cost</b>			
	At 1 October 2024 and 30 September 2025	2,897	30,823	33,720
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>			
	At 1 October 2024 and 30 September 2025	2,897	30,823	33,720
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	<b>Carrying amount</b>			
	At 30 September 2025	-	-	-
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	At 30 September 2024	-	-	-
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>6</b>	<b>Stocks</b>			
			<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
			€	€
	Finished goods and goods for resale		500	500
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>7</b>	<b>Debtors</b>			
			<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		€	€
	Trade debtors		12,081	12,776
	Deferred tax asset		3,008	2,381
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
			15,089	15,157
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>8</b>	<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>			
			<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
			€	€
	Trade creditors		164	2,698
	Other creditors including tax and social insurance		5,823	3,398
	Accruals		2,866	2,866
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
			8,853	8,962
			<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

# R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025

### 9 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

	<b>Assets 2025 €</b>	<b>Assets 2024 €</b>
<b>Balances:</b>		
Tax losses	3,008	2,381
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
		<b>2025 €</b>
<b>Movements in the year:</b>		
Asset at 1 October 2024		(2,381)
Credit to profit or loss		(627)
		<u>          </u>
Asset at 30 September 2025		(3,008)
		<u>          </u>

The deferred tax asset set out above is expected to reverse within 12 months and relates to the utilisation of tax losses against future expected profits of the same period.

### 10 Called up share capital

	<b>2025 Number</b>	<b>2024 Number</b>	<b>2025 €</b>	<b>2024 €</b>
<b>Ordinary share capital</b>				
<b>Authorised equity</b>				
Ordinary of €1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>				
Ordinary of €1 each	100	100	100	100
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

### 11 Profit and loss reserves

	<b>2025 €</b>	<b>2024 €</b>
At the beginning of the year	76,683	64,784
(Loss)/profit for the year	(4,391)	11,899
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At the end of the year	72,292	76,683
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

### 12 Events after the reporting date

There were no significant post balance sheet events.

### 13 Related party transactions

There were no relevant transactions with related parties except as disclosed in the financial statements.

# **R. BARRETT PLUMBING & HEATING SERVICES LTD**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025***

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### **14 Directors' transactions**

At 1 October 2024, a balance of €510 was owing from the company to the directors. During the year, the directors loaned €2,965 to the company with the company making repayments of €nil leaving a balance of €3,475 owing to the directors to the company at 30 September 2025.

The company operates out of a premises owned by one of the directors. It is used rent free by the company.

### **15 Ultimate controlling party**

There is no ultimate controlling party.

### **16 Approval of financial statements**

The directors approved the financial statements on 9 December 2025.