

Company Number: 651501

**Costello Catering Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 December 2024**

**Costello Catering Limited**  
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**Costello Catering Limited**  
**DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

<b>Directors</b>	Alan Costello Grace O'Malley
<b>Company Secretary</b>	Grace O'Malley
<b>Company Number</b>	651501
<b>Registered Office and Business Address</b>	43A Woodford Drive Clondalkin Dublin 22 Ireland
<b>Accountants</b>	Malone & Company Accountants Limited Chartered Certified Accountants Landscape House Baldoonell Business Park Baldoonell Dublin 22

# **Costello Catering Limited**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

### **"General responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements**

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Statement of Financial Position and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Malone & Company Accountants Limited, (Chartered Certified Accountants), all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024."

### **Signed on behalf of the board**

**Alan Costello**  
Director

**2 March 2026**

**Grace O'Malley**  
Director

**2 March 2026**

**Costello Catering Limited**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 31 December 2024

	2024	2023
	€	€
Fixed Assets	<b>100,442</b>	130,384
Current assets	<b>71,448</b>	8,538
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<b>(288,753)</b>	(235,703)
<b>Net Current Liabilities</b>	<b>(217,305)</b>	(227,165)
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>	<b>(116,863)</b>	(96,781)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	-	(33,725)
Accruals and deferred income	<b>(3,000)</b>	-
<b>Net Liabilities</b>	<b>(119,863)</b>	(130,506)
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>	<b>(119,863)</b>	(130,506)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro-companies' regime and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime".

We as Directors of Costello Catering Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014 (as a micro company). The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the micro companies' regime.

**Approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 2 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**Alan Costello**  
**Director**

**Grace O'Malley**  
**Director**

# Costello Catering Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

### 1. General Information

Costello Catering Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 651501. The registered office of the company is 43A Woodford Drive, Clondalkin, Dublin 22, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a micro company as defined by section 280D of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105.

#### Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Turnover comprises the fair value of consideration received and receivable exclusive of value added tax and after discounts and rebates.

Turnover from the provision of services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered and the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably.

#### Intangible assets

##### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 7 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

##### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	12.50% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.50% Straight line

The company's policy is to review the remaining useful economic lives and residual values of Tangible fixed assets on an on-going basis and to adjust the depreciation charge to reflect the remaining estimated useful economic life and residual value.

##### Leasing and Hire Purchases

Tangible assets held under leasing and Hire Purchases arrangements which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are capitalised and included in the Statement of Financial Position at their cost or valuation, less depreciation. The corresponding commitments are recorded as liabilities. Payments in respect of these obligations are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, with interest charged to the Income Statement.

##### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

## Costello Catering Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Statement of Financial Position bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### Trade and other creditors

Creditors and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Appropriation of Income Statement	2024 €	2023 €
Loss brought forward	(130,506)	(63,020)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	10,543	(67,486)
<b>Loss carried forward</b>	<b>(119,963)</b>	<b>(130,506)</b>

### 4. Going concern

The company made a profit before taxation of €10,543. This results in net liabilities as at the 31st December 2024 of €119,863. The balance sheet deficit was financed by bank loans and the directors' loan. The director loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Bank loan is repaid by monthly repayments. On that basis the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The financial statements include no adjustments to write down assets to their recoverable amounts or to provide for the costs associated with a cessation of trade, should the company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### 5. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

### 6. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 2 March 2026.