

Company Registration Number 768096

ROTAPET LIMITED

ABRIDGED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31st December 2025

ROTAPET LIMITED

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ROTAPET LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statements accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is in appropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable the directors to ensure that the financial statements comply with the the Companies Acts 2014. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the pervention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

ROTAPET LIMITED

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Rotapet Limited

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, I have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Rotapet Limited for the financial year ended 31.12.2025 which comprise the balance sheet and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given me.

As a practicing member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, I am subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html>.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Rotapet Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of my engagement letter. My work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Rotapet Limited and state those matters that I have agreed to state to the board of directors of Rotapet Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants to the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility for anyone other than Rotapet Limited and its board of directors as a body for my work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Rotapet Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Rotapet Limited. You consider that Rotapet Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

I have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Rotapet Limited. For this reason I have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given me and I do not, therefore, express any opinion on this statutory financial statements.

Worthington Accounting Solutions
Chartered Certified Accountant

Bramblewick
Johnstown Ave
Kilpedder
Wicklow
A63FF68

Date 11th July 2025

RotapetLimited

BALANCE SHEET

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

		2025 EUR	2024 EUR
Fixed Assets			
Tangible Fixed assets		0	0
Current Assets			
Stocks		0	0
Debtors	2	0	0
Cash at Bank		1,192	1,923
		<u>1,192</u>	<u>1,923</u>
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year	3	4,507	4,000
		<u>4,507</u>	<u>4,000</u>
Net current assets		-3,315	-2,077
		<u>-3,315</u>	<u>-2,077</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		-3,315	-2,077
		<u>-3,315</u>	<u>-2,077</u>
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	4	0	0
		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
		<u>-3,315</u>	<u>-2,077</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		-3,415	-2,177
		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
		<u>-3,315</u>	<u>-2,077</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>-3,315</u>	<u>-2,077</u>

Rotapet Limited

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

We as directors of Rotapet Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied.
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334 (1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2).
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligation under the Companies Act 2014 to -
 - i keep proper books of account;
 - ii to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at year end date and of its profit or loss for such a year; and
 - iii to otherwise comply with the provisions of those Acts relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (e) we hereby certify that we have relied on the specific exemptions contained in sections 352 of the Companies Act 2014 on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefits of those exemptions as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 20th January 2026.

Ms Tanya Moore

Mr Ross Hetherington

Rotapet Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and VAT.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

Taxation The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Rotapet Limited**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025****Tangible assets**

Tangible fixed assets initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amounts on an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in the profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. The excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Equipment	20% Straight Line
Land & Buildings	4% Straight Line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generated unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Rotapet Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortising cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss. With the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised at cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Rotapet Limited**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025****Defined Contributions plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

	2025	2024
	EUR	EUR
2. Staff Costs		
The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 2		
Employments Costs		
Wages and salaries	-	-
Other retirement benefit costs	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	2025	2024
	EUR	EUR
3. Directors Remuneration		
The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows :		
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	-	-
Pension contributions to defined plans	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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Rotapet Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2025

4. Appropriation of profit and loss account

	2025 EUR		2024 EUR
At the start of the financial year	-	2,077	-
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	-	1,238	-
		<u>2,077</u>	<u>2,077</u>
At the end of the financial year	-	3,315	-
			<u>2,077</u>

5. Share Capital

	2024 EUR		2024 EUR
Authorised Ordinary Shares of €1.00 each	<u>100,000</u>		<u>100,000</u>
Issued and fully paid up, 100 ordinary shares	<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>

6. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 20th January 2025.

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