

Company registration number: 676461

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Unaudited abridged financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

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Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

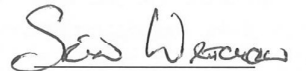
The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



Michael Watchorn
Director

19th Feb. 2026

Date



Sean Watchorn
Director

19th Feb 2026

Date

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

**Balance sheet
As at 30 April 2025**

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
Current assets					
Debtors	3	670		522	
Cash at bank and in hand		2		2	
		672		524	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	4	(3,646)		(2,832)	
Net current liabilities			(2,974)		(2,308)
Total assets less current liabilities			(2,974)		(2,308)
Net liabilities			(2,974)		(2,308)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			2		2
Profit and loss account			(2,976)		(2,310)
Shareholders deficit			(2,974)		(2,308)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

We, as directors of Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited state that:

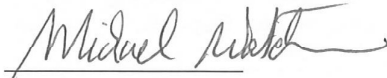
- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these abridged financial statements.

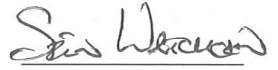
Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Balance sheet (continued)
As at 30 April 2025

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 19th Feb 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:



Michael Watchorn
Director



Sean Watchorn
Director

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

**Notes to the abridged financial statements
Financial year ended 30 April 2025**

1. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Consolidation

The company qualifies for the small companies regime and has taken advantage of the exemption to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 293 of the Companies Act 2014.

Cashflow statement exemption

The company has availed of the exemption contained in Section 1A of FRS102 and as a result have elected not to prepare a cash flow statement.

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Trade Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss.

Cash at bank and on hand

Cash at bank and on hand include cash on hand, demand deposits and other term highly liquid investments regardless of maturity. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

Creditors and accruals

Creditors and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group.

2. Appropriations of profit and loss account	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(2,310)	(1,645)
Loss for the financial year	(666)	(665)
At the end of the financial year	(2,976)	(2,310)
3. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Other debtors	670	522
4. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	2,857	2,043
Accruals	789	789
	3,646	2,832

Henry Gallwey & Co. Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30 April 2025

5. Directors transactions

During the financial year the company entered into the following arrangements relating to loans, quasi-loans and credit transactions:

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	2,043	1,229
Advances made during the financial year	814	814
At the end of the financial year	<u>2,857</u>	<u>2,043</u>

Disclosure for each director or other person is as follows:

Michael Watchhorn

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	2,043	1,229
Advances made during the financial year	814	814
At the end of the financial year	<u>2,857</u>	<u>2,043</u>

6. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on .