

Navan Motors Limited
Abridged Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

Navan Motors Limited
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF NAVAN MOTORS LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Opinion

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the annual return of the company the abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act (exemptions available to micro companies).

Basis of opinion

We have examined :

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 on pages 7 to 11 which the directors of Navan Motors Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with section 352 of the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to sections 352 and 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors, as a body, in accordance with section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the directors those matters we are required to state to them in our report under section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Other Information required by the Companies Act 2014

On 28 November 2025 we reported to the members on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and our report was as follows:

"Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Navan Motors Limited ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Financial Position and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime";
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014 applicable to micro companies; and
- meet the requirements to be presumed under Section 336 (3A) the Companies Act 2014 to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2024 and of its loss for the financial year then ended.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF NAVAN MOTORS LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 307 and 308 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and for being satisfied that they comply with FRS 105 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime' and the legal requirements applicable to micro company financial statements, and are thereby presumed, in law, to give a true and fair view. The financial statements are presumed, in law, to give a true and fair view without any consideration of any other circumstances, factors, accounting principles or disclosures. The financial reporting framework applicable to micro companies is a compliance framework and not a fair presentation framework. The directors are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 6, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF NAVAN MOTORS LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed."

for and on behalf of

FLD CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LIMITED

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

Newbridge House

Athlumney

Navan

Co. Meath.

28 November 2025

We certify that the auditor's report on pages 3 - 5 made pursuant to section 356(1) of the Companies Act 2014 is a true copy of the original.

Mrs Phyliss Cooney
Secretary

Mr Sean Cooney
Director

28 November 2025

Navan Motors Limited

APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Navan Motors Limited

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 €	2023 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	410,184	410,184
Current Assets			
Debtors	6	2,679	2,440
Cash at bank and in hand		90	92
		2,769	2,532
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(264,105)	(254,216)
Net Current Liabilities		(261,336)	(251,684)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		148,848	158,500
Provisions for liabilities	9	(67,919)	(67,919)
Net Assets		80,929	90,581
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity	10	187,500	187,500
Revaluation reserve	11	137,896	137,896
Other reserves	11	2,961	2,961
Retained earnings	11	(247,428)	(237,776)
Shareholders' Funds		80,929	90,581

We as Directors of Navan Motors Limited, state that -

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the micro companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 28 November 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Sean Cooney
Director

Mrs Phyllis Cooney
Director

Navan Motors Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

1. General Information

Navan Motors Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 85822. The registered office of the company is Circular Road, Navan, Meath, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard for Micro-Entities applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 105).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a micro company as defined by section 280D of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105.

Accounting Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises purchase price and other directly attributable costs. Freehold land is stated at cost and is not depreciated. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	4% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	15% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Navan Motors Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions, during the financial year, which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Interest payable and similar expenses		2024	2023
		€	€
Interest		<u>9,256</u>	<u>12,846</u>
4. Employees			
The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 0, (2023 - 0).			
5. Tangible assets			
	Land and buildings freehold	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 January 2024	<u>786,989</u>	<u>53,755</u>	<u>840,744</u>
At 31 December 2024	<u>786,989</u>	<u>53,755</u>	<u>840,744</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2024	<u>386,989</u>	<u>43,571</u>	<u>430,560</u>
At 31 December 2024	<u>386,989</u>	<u>43,571</u>	<u>430,560</u>
Net book value			
At 31 December 2024	<u>400,000</u>	<u>10,184</u>	<u>410,184</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>400,000</u>	<u>10,184</u>	<u>410,184</u>
6. Debtors		2024	2023
		€	€
Directors' current accounts		<u>2,679</u>	<u>2,440</u>
7. Creditors		2024	2023
Amounts falling due within one year		€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions		258,240	248,984
Taxation		3,265	3,232
Accruals		2,600	2,000
		<u>264,105</u>	<u>254,216</u>

Navan Motors Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

8. Taxation	2024	2023
	€	€
Creditors:		
Corporation tax	3,265	3,232
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. Provisions for liabilities

The amounts provided for deferred taxation are analysed below:

	Property revaluations	Total	Total
	€	2024 €	2023 €
At financial year start	67,919	67,919	67,919
At financial year end	67,919	67,919	67,919
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. Share capital

			2024	2023
			€	€
Description	Number of shares	Value of units		
Authorised				
Ordinary	312,500	€1.25 each	390,625	390,625
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid				
Ordinary	150,000	€1.25 each	187,500	187,500
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The directors' and the secretary's interests in the shares of the company are as follows:-

Name	Class of Shares	Number Held	
		At 31/12/24	01/01/24
Mr Sean Cooney	Ordinary	72,500	72,500
Mrs Phyllis Cooney	Ordinary	10,000	10,000
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		82,500	82,500
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

11. Income Statement

	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Capital redemption reserve	Total
	€	€	€	€
At 1 January 2024	137,896	(237,776)	2,961	(96,919)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	-	(9,652)	-	(9,652)
At 31 December 2024	137,896	(247,428)	2,961	(106,571)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

12. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2024.

13. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

Navan Motors Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

14. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 November 2025.

