

Company registration number: 346522

Pat Fanning Limited (Audit Exempt Company*)
Trading as Pat Fanning Limited
Micro Companies Regime
Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 31 August 2025

* Pat Fanning Limited is a micro company as defined by the Companies Act 2014 and is availing itself of the audit exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014. It also qualifies for the micro company regime as per Section 280E of the Companies Act 2014.

Pat Fanning Limited

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Pat Fanning Limited

Directors and other information

Directors	Mr. Pat Fanning Mrs Grace Fanning
Secretary	Pat Fanning
Company number	346522
Registered office	Lisdonowley Moyne Thurles Co. Tipperary
Business address	Lisdonowley Moyne Thurles Co. Tipperary
Accountants	ifac Borrisokane Road Nenagh Co. Tipperary
Bankers	Bank of Ireland, Thurles, Co. Tipperary.

Pat Fanning Limited

**Balance sheet
As at 31/08/25**

	2025	2024
	€	€
Fixed assets	<u>39,273</u>	<u>39,279</u>
Current assets	1,397,692	1,285,792
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>(25,645)</u>	<u>(28,650)</u>
Net current assets	<u>1,372,047</u>	<u>1,257,142</u>
Total assets less current liabilities	1,411,320	1,296,421
Net assets	<u><u>1,411,320</u></u>	<u><u>1,296,421</u></u>
Capital and reserves	<u><u>1,411,320</u></u>	<u><u>1,296,421</u></u>

We, as directors of Pat Fanning Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 05/03/25 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. Pat Fanning
Director

Mrs Grace Fanning
Director

Pat Fanning Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31/08/25

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Lisdonowley, Moyne, Thurles, Co. Tipperary.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover represents the net sales to customers excluding Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year. Deferred taxation is not calculated as it is not considered material.

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Cost includes all costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use.

Tangible assets are measured initially at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Pat Fanning Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/08/25

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 12.5%

Financial assets

Financial assets are measured initially at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment

Impairment reviews are carried out where there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset or goodwill may not be recoverable. Where there is an impairment loss it is recognised in the profit and loss account (There is no policy of revaluing fixed assets).

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets and liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets and liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset or liability is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's/liability's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If there is a decrease in an impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

4. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	1,296,321	1,183,607
Profit for the financial year	114,899	112,714
At the end of the financial year	1,411,220	1,296,321