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**CHRIS KEATING HOUSE OF DESIGN LIMITED**

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**UNAUDITED**

**ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

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**CHRIS KEATING HOUSE OF DESIGN LIMITED**

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**COMPANY INFORMATION**

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<b>Directors</b>	Angela Keating Catherine Allen (resigned 31 March 2025) Chris Keating Darren Stanton
<b>Company secretary</b>	Angela Keating
<b>Registered number</b>	467718
<b>Registered office</b>	Market Green Market Green Plaza Midleton Co Cork
<b>Accountants</b>	DMQ Accountants Limited Chartered Accountants Summerhill Wicklow Town Co Wicklow
<b>Bankers</b>	Bank of Ireland Cobh Co Cork

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**CHRIS KEATING HOUSE OF DESIGN LIMITED**

**ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

	<b>28 February 2025</b>	<i>29 February 2024</i>
	€	€
Fixed assets	<b>37,384</b>	32,619
Current assets	<b>456,620</b>	384,737
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<b>(393,763)</b>	(300,139)
<b>Net current assets</b>	<b>62,857</b>	84,598
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>	<b>100,241</b>	117,217
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	<b>(13,599)</b>	(28,151)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>86,642</b>	89,066
<b>Capital and reserves</b>	<b>86,642</b>	89,066

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the micro-companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 105 "The Financial reporting Standard applicable to micro-entities regime".

We, as directors of Chris Keating House of Design Limited, state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied.
- (c) the members of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).
- (d) We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.
- (f) the company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 (as a micro company); the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 17 October 2025.

**Angela Keating**  
Director

**Chris Keating**  
Director

The notes on pages 2 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

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**1. General information**

Chris Keating House of Design Limited (CRO No: 467718) is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The company's registered office is Market Green Plaza, Market Green, Midleton, Co Cork. The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of kitchens.

These financial statements comprising the Income statement, the Statement of financial position and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Chris Keating House of Design Limited for the year ended 28 February 2025.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 105 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to Micro-entities Regime' and Irish statute comprising of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company. In instances where amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand Euro, this is indicated by the symbol €'000.

**2.2 Going concern**

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

**2.3 Currency**

**Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentational currency is Euros.

**Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

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2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

**Sale of goods**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

**Rendering of services**

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.5 Leased assets & hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.6 Government grants

Grants are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants relating to expenditure on assets are credited to the profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Income statement in the same period as the related expenditure.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

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2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles	-	20% straight line on cost
Equipment	-	10% straight line on cost
Improvements to leasehold premises	-	10% straight line on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Valuation of investments

Investments in preference and ordinary shares are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.11 Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress is defined as the aggregate cost of raw material, direct labour and the attributable proportion of direct production overheads. Net realisable value is based on normal selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**2.12 Debtors**

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at transaction price, being the amount loaned plus any material arrangement or legal fees. Subsequent measurement takes account of any repayments of principal and accrued interest, and reductions for impairment or uncollectability.

**2.13 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.14 Creditors**

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers and are measured at the transaction price.

**2.15 Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities, arising as a result of past events, are not recognised when (i) it is not probable that there will be an outflow of resources or that the amount cannot be reliably measured at the reporting date or (ii) when the existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future events not wholly within the company's control. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the financial statements unless the probability of an outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognised. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

**2.16 Employee benefits**

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including paid holiday arrangements.

**(i) Short term benefits**

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025**

**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.17 Cashflow statement exemption**

The company has availed of the exemption contained in FRS105 and as a result have elected not to prepare a cash flow statement

**2.18 Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

**2.19 Related party transactions**

The company discloses transactions with related parties in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014 and generally accepted accounting principles.

**3. Financial assets**

	<b>Investments in subsidiary companies €</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 March 2024	<b>100</b>
At 28 February 2025	<b>100</b>

**4. Appropriation of profit and loss account**

	<b>28 February 2025 €</b>	<i>29 February 2024 €</i>
Profit and loss account brought forward at the beginning of the year	<b>88,066</b>	<i>34,149</i>
Other movement in the profit and loss account	<b>(2,424)</b>	<i>53,917</i>
<b>Profit and loss account carried forward at the end of the year</b>	<b>85,642</b>	<i>88,066</i>

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

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**5. Guarantees, contingencies and other financial commitments**

Included in creditors due less than one year is an amount of €12,877 (2024 - €11,876) and creditors due more than one year €13,599 (2024: - €28,151) which relates to a bank loan and hire purchase loan which are secured by personal guarantees from the directors.

**6. Capital commitments**

The company did not have any capital commitments as at 28 February 2025 (2024: €Nil).

**7. Related party transactions**

**Key management personnel compensation**

The directors' remuneration disclosed in the financial statements represents the total compensation paid to key management personnel.

**Other related party transactions**

The company owes Chris Keating €4,276 as at 28 February 2025 (2024: €232 owed to the company). The balance is interest free and subordinate to other creditor balances owed by the company.

There were no other related party transactions in the year other than those already disclosed in the financial statements.

**8. Post balance sheet events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since year end, which require disclosure in the financial statements.

**9. Controlling party**

Angela Keating, director of the company, is considered to be the company's ultimate controlling party as she holds 100% of the issued ordinary share capital of the company.

**10. Approval of financial statements**

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 17 October 2025.