

Company registration number: 668845

**Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**  
**Abridged financial statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 March 2024**

## Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited

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## **Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council, and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Independent auditor's special report to Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

I have examined:

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 on pages 6 to 14, which the directors of Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

**Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is my responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to section 353 of that Act and to report my opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors as a body, in accordance with section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. My work has been undertaken so that I might state to the company's directors those matters I am required to state to them under section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's directors as a body, for my work, for this report, or for the opinion I have formed.

**Basis of opinion**

I have carried out the procedures I consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that the abridged financial statements are properly prepared. The scope of my work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of my report on the full financial statements.

**Opinion**

In my opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the annual return of the company, abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act.

**Other information**

On 19 February 2026 I reported, as auditor of Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited, to the members on the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 and my report was as follows:

**"Independent auditor's report to the members of Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

**Report on the audit of the financial statements**

**Independent auditor's special report to Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

***Opinion***

I have audited the financial statements of Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In my opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2024 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

***Basis for opinion***

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the section of our report. I am independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

***Conclusions relating to going concern***

In auditing the financial statements, I have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

My responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

***Other Information***

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in my report, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

**Independent auditor's special report to Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

***Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014***

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, I report that:

- in my opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in my opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

I have obtained all the information and explanations which I consider necessary for the purposes of my audit. In my opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

***Matters on which we are required to report by exception***

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, I have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires me to report to you if, in my opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. I have nothing to report in this regard.

**Respective responsibilities**

***Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements***

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

***Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements***

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditor's special report to Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

***The purpose of my audit work and to whom I owe my responsibilities***

My report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. My audit work has been undertaken so that I might state to the company's members those matters I am required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for my audit work, for this report, or for the opinions I have formed.

  
N O Carroll & Co

For and on behalf of  
Niall O'Carroll  
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor  
Office 17, Building 5  
Port Tunnel Business Park  
Clonshaugh  
Dublin 17

2024

Dated: 19/02/26

**Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

**Balance sheet  
As at 31/03/24**

	Note	2024 €	€	2023 €	€
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	9	1,084		253	
			1,084		253
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	10	6,790		14,816	
Cash at bank and in hand		121,434		99,594	
		128,224		114,410	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	11	(109,428)		(120,921)	
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>			18,796		(6,511)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			19,880		(6,258)
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>			19,880		(6,258)
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			100		100
Profit and loss account			19,780		(6,358)
<b>Shareholders equity</b>			19,880		(6,258)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

We, as directors of Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited state that the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 19/02/26 and signed on behalf of the board by:

**Aidan Daly**  
Director

**Madge Daly**  
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these abridged financial statements.

## **Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31/03/24**

#### **1. General information**

The financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Balance Sheet and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31st March 2024.

The company is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of the Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (company number 668845). The address of the registered office is 6 Beresford Green, Griffith Avenue, Drumcondra, Dublin 9, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

#### **Currency**

The financial statements have been presented in the Euro currency (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The company qualifies as a small company for the period, as defined by section 280A of the Act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Act and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

## Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/03/24

#### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at historic cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. This cost includes legal fees, stamp duty and other non-refundable purchase taxes, and also any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, which can include the costs of site preparation, initial delivery and handling, installation and assembly, and testing of functionality.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leased Vehicles	-	over the lease term
Leased Equipment	-	over the lease term
Fixtures & Fittings	-	10% per annum
Plant & Equipment	-	10% per annum
Motor Vehicles	-	20% per annum
Computer Hard & Software	-	20% per annum

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

## **Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/03/24**

#### **Impairments of assets, other than financial instruments, stocks and work in progress**

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is any indication that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. If any such indication exists, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount, resulting in an impairment loss. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

Where the circumstances causing an impairment of an asset other than goodwill no longer apply, then the impairment is reversed through the profit and loss account. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

The recoverable amount of tangible fixed assets, goodwill and other intangible fixed assets is the higher of the fair value less cost to sell of the asset and its value in use. The value in use of these assets is the present value of the cash flows expected to be derived from those assets. This is determined by reference to the present value of the future cash flows of the company which is considered by the directors to be a single cash generating unit.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

## **Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/03/24**

#### **Financial instruments**

##### **Ordinary Share Capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

##### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

##### **Other financial assets**

Other financial assets including trade debtors arising from goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that debtor, which is normally the invoice price. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial assets are measured at amortised cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

##### **Loans and borrowings**

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount of cash advanced plus transaction costs incurred, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently loans made by the company are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

All borrowings by the company, with the exception of loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons) are initially measured at transaction price and not discounted on subsequent measurement.

The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one year or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

## Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31/03/24

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors arising from goods purchased from suppliers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount owed to the creditor, which is normally the invoice price. Liabilities that are settled within one year are not discounted. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost, including unlisted investments, loans, trade debtors and cash. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss account in that financial year.

#### Retirement benefit costs

The company operates a defined contribution scheme. Retirement benefit contributions in respect of the scheme for employees are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The assets are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Differences between the amounts charged in the profit and loss account and payments made to the retirement benefit scheme are treated as assets or liabilities.

Once-off termination payments that are not required by contract, legislation, or other obligations or commitments, are recognised in the financial year in which they become payable.

#### Short term employee benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay, are recognised as an expense in the period in which employees have become entitled to the benefits as a result of service rendered to the company.

#### Judgements

##### *Going Concern*

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

##### *Impairment of Stocks*

The company holds stocks amounting to €- (2023: €-) at the financial year end date. The directors are of the view that an adequate allowance has been made to reflect the possibility of stocks being sold at less than cost.

#### 4. Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2024	2023
	€	€
Depreciation of tangible assets	177	51
<b>Total depreciation, amortisation and impairment in value of fixed assets</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>51</b>

**Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 31/03/24**

**5. Employee numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was - (2023: -).

	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Wages and salaries	<b>52,690</b>	53,489
Other retirement benefit costs	-	5,500
	<b>52,690</b>	58,989
	<b>52,690</b>	58,989

**6. Directors remuneration and transactions**

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	<b>52,690</b>	53,489
Pension contributions to defined contribution plans in respect of qualifying services	-	5,500
	<b>52,690</b>	58,989
	<b>52,690</b>	58,989

The number of directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under Pension Scheme Fund in respect of qualifying services is 2 (2023:2).

**Material interest of directors in contracts with the company**

The company paid rent to a partnership in which the directors are two of the partners in the amount of €- (2023: €-).

**7. Retirement benefit information**

***Retirement benefit costs***

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Retirement benefit charge	-	5,500
	-	5,500
	-	5,500

***Defined contribution scheme***

The company operates a defined contribution scheme, 'Pension Scheme Fund', for its employees. The scheme is externally financed in that the assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

**Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 31/03/24**

**8. Appropriations of profit and loss account**

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	<b>(6,358)</b>	14,971
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	<b>26,138</b>	(21,329)
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<b>19,780</b>	(6,358)

**9. Tangible assets**

	<b>Office Equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	€	€
<b>Cost</b>		
At 01/04/23	406	406
Additions	1,008	1,008
<b>At 31/03/24</b>	<b>1,414</b>	<b>1,414</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 01/04/23	153	153
Charge for the financial year	177	177
<b>At 31/03/24</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
<b>At 31/03/24</b>	<b>1,084</b>	<b>1,084</b>
At 31/03/23	253	253

**10. Debtors**

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	€	€
Other debtors	-	7,419
Prepayments	-	817
Accrued income	<b>6,790</b>	6,580
	<b>6,790</b>	14,816

**Aidan Daly Auctioneers Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 31/03/24**

**11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2024	2023
	€	€
Trade creditors	1,114	1,114
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	96,404	119,807
Accruals	11,910	-
	<u>109,428</u>	<u>120,921</u>

**12. Approval of financial statements**

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 19 February 2026.