

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

ABRIDGED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS

FOR

YEAR ENDED

31st DECEMBER 2022

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LIMITED

CONTENTS

PAGE

Directors & Other Information

2

Statement of directors' responsibilities and
declaration on unaudited financial statements

3

Accountants Report to the Members

3a

Balance Sheet as as 31/12/2022 (Abridged)

5~6

Statement of Cash Flow

7

Statement of Change in Equity

8

Notes to the Accounts

9 ~ 18

Patrick J Healy & Son Ltd

Directors & Other Information

Directors:	Patrick J Healy Padraig Healy
Secretary:	Padraig Healy
Bankers:	Bank of Ireland Ballymote Co Sligo
Solicitors:	O'Connor & Johnson Solicitors Ballymote Co Sligo
Registered Office:	Pearse Road Ballymote Co Sligo
Company registered number:	414923

PATRICK J HEALY & SONS LTD.

Accountants Report to the director of Patrick J Healy & Sons Ltd for year ended 31st December 2022.

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, we have compiled the financial statements of the company which comprises of the Balance Sheet, Statement of Cashflow and the related notes from the books of account and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the Company's Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Directors, as a body, for our work for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with the technical guidance issued by the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Association relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 31st December 2022 your duty to ensure that the company has kept proper books of account and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act, 2014. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirements for an audit for the year

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the books of account or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Greg Tansey
For and on behalf of
Greg Tansey & Co
Chartered Certified Accountants
O'Connell Street
Ballymote
Co Sligo

Date 23rd October 2023

Patrick J Healy & Son Ltd.

Balance Sheet as at 31st December 2022 (abridged) continued

- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in s358 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under s. 334(1) in accordance with s.334(2);
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep proper books of account and to prepare Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to the Financial Statements so far as they are applicable to the company;
- (e) the company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in s.352 of the Companies Act 2014 and has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefits of that exemptions as a small company and the abridged Financial Statements have been properly prepared in accordance with s.353 of the Companies Act 2014.

On Behalf of the Board

Signature: Patrick J Healy	Signature: Padraig Healy
Name (block capitals):	Name (block capitals):
Director Patrick J Healy	Director Padraig Healy
Date: 23rd October 2023	Date: 23rd October 2023

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR Y/E 31st DECEMBER 2022 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company for the period, as defined by section 280A of the Act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the "Small Companies Regime" in accordance with Section 280C of the Act and Section 1A of FRS 102.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discount and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on dispatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, which any gains or losses being taken to profit or loss.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Any increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in the capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR Y/E 31st DECEMBER 2022

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and buildings, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset systematically over its expected useful life, on a straight line basis as follows:-

Motor Vehicles	12.5%	Straight line
Plant & Equipment	12.5%	Straight line

The residual value and useful life of tangible assets are considered annually for indicators that these may have changed. Where such indicators are present, a review will be carried out of the residual value, depreciation method and useful lives, and these will be amended if necessary. Changes in depreciation rates arising from this review are accounted for prospectively over the remaining useful lives of the asset.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Defined Contribution Plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employee renders the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR Y/E 31st DECEMBER 2022

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the Balance Sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of the asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, which is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for the asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR Y/E 31st DECEMBER 2022

Judgements and key sources of estimations uncertainty

The directors consider the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting estimates and judgements:

Going Concern

The company recorded a profit of €15886 for the current year compared with a Profit of €2150 for period ended 31st December 2021. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors have given adequate consideration to the immediate and longer-term economic impacts of the current COVID 19 crisis and while the longer-term impacts are still very uncertain, they believe that the company has access to sufficient cash resources to sustain it for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In addition, the company is working closely with its management team to ensure the continuing financial and operational support during the unprecedented economic downturn arising from the COVID 19 Pandemic. The directors are satisfied that the financial and operational support required will continue and they believe that it is therefore appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on the going concern basis. Accordingly, these financial do not include any adjustments to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may arise if the company was unfit to continue as a going concern.

Useful Lives of Tangible Fixed assets

Long-lived assets comprising primarily of property and equipment represents a significant portion of total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and, in certain circumstances, estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these useful lives and change them if necessary to reflect current conditions. In determining these useful lives management consider technological change, patterns of consumption, physical condition and expected economic utilisation of the assets. Changes of the useful lives can have a significant impact on the depreciation charge for the financial year. The net book value of Tangible Fixes Assets subject to depreciation at the financial year end date was €Nil (31st December 2021: €Nil)

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR Y/E 31st DECEMBER 2022

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activities of the company which is wholly undertaken in Ireland.

3. Operating Profit

Profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging/(crediting);

	Y/E 31/12/2022	Y/E 31/12/2021
Depreciation	~	~

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year including the directors was 3 (2021 3) and is analysed into the following categories.

	Y/E 31/12/2022	Y/E 31/12/2021
Establishment	3	3
Administration	~	~

5. Directors remuneration

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows;

	Y/E 31/12/2022	Y/E 31/12/2021
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	17114	11236
Pension contributions to defined contributio plans in respect of qualifying services	~	~
	<u>17114</u>	<u>11236</u>

6. Appropriation of profit and loss account

	Y/E 31/12/2022	Y/E 31/12/2021
At the start of the financial year	200461	198311
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	<u>15886</u>	<u>2150</u>
At the end of the financial year	216347	200461

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LIMITED

Notes which form part of the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022

8. Stocks					Y/E 31/12/2022	Y/E 31/12/2021
Stock & Work in Progress					5231	5231

Stock & Work in Progress has been valued by the directors at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

PATRICK J HEALY & SON LIMITED

Notes which form part of the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022

22 Closing Stock & WIP

Closing stock & WIP has been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value by the directors.

23. FRS 102

The financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2022 have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

24 Approval of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board on 23/10/2023 and signed on its behalf by

Patrick J Healy

Patrick J Healy
Director

Padraig Healy

Padraig Healy
Secretary