

**OVERALL CERTIFICATE
FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
COMPANIES ACT 2014**

Company Name: W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.
Company Number: 103240
Financial Year: YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

CERTIFICATE:

WE HEREBY CERTIFY that all documents which are required under Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014 to be annexed to this annual return, have been so annexed, and that they are true copies of the originals laid or to be laid before the relevant general meeting, or presented to the members.

Mr David Leybourne
Director

Date: 30 March 2026

Mrs Johanne Leybourne
Secretary

Date: 30 March 2026

Company registration number 103240 (Eire)

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

CONTENTS

| | Page |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Directors' responsibilities statement | 1 |
| Balance sheet | 2 - 3 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 4 - 10 |

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* issued by the Financial Reporting Council (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

Mrs Johanne Leybourne
Secretary

Mr David Leybourne
Director

30 March 2026

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2025

| | Notes | 2025 | | 2024 | |
|---|-------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | | € | € | € | € |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | | | - | | - |
| Tangible assets | 5 | | 2,724,497 | | 2,799,627 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | 6 | 555,299 | | 1,328,406 | |
| Debtors | 7 | 1,531,450 | | 646,844 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 420 | | 420 | |
| | | | 2,087,169 | | 1,975,670 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (2,825,598) | | (2,785,364) | |
| Net current liabilities | | | (738,429) | | (809,694) |
| Net assets | | | 1,986,068 | | 1,989,933 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital presented as equity | | | 127 | | 127 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 1,985,941 | | 1,989,806 |
| Total equity | | | 1,986,068 | | 1,989,933 |

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2025

We, as directors of W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED., state that:

(a) The company is availing itself of the exemption from audit provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.

(b) The company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied.

(c) The shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).

(d) The directors acknowledge the obligations of the company, under the Companies Act 2014:

(i) to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year; and

(ii) to otherwise comply with the provisions of this Act relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

(e) The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Statement Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 March 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs Johanne Leybourne
Director

Mr David Leybourne
Director

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

Company information

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED. is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Eire. The registered office is and its company registration number is 103240.

1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102, and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Revenue

Revenue comprises sales of goods or services provided to customers net of value added tax and other sales taxes, less an appropriate deduction for actual and expected returns and discounts. Revenue is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred to the buyer. Where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised in accordance with its progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the promised consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money, which is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

| | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Site/ Buildings | 2% |
| Implements | 12.5% Reducing Balance |
| Office equipment | 10% Reducing Balance |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

As lessor

When the company acts as a lessor, a lease is classified as a finance lease whenever it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee, either at the end of the lease term or for the major part of the economic life of the asset. All other leases are classified as operating leases. If an arrangement contains both lease and non-lease components, the company allocates the consideration in the contract to the two elements.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

During this period income was received from letting the land for grazing and silage purposes

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than euros are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year 6 (2024-6)

| | 2025 Number | 2024 Number |
|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Total | 6 | 6 |

4 Directors' remuneration

| | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Remuneration for qualifying services | 52,868 | 53,995 |
| Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes | 5,000 | 19,500 |
| | <u>57,868</u> | <u>73,495</u> |

5 Tangible fixed assets

| | Site/ Buildings € | Implements € | Office equipment € | Total € |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Cost | | | | |
| At 1 November 2024 and 31 October 2025 | 2,929,141 | 617,488 | 58,694 | 3,605,323 |
| Depreciation and impairment | | | | |
| At 1 November 2024 | 261,850 | 516,875 | 26,971 | 805,696 |
| Depreciation charged in the year | 58,583 | 12,687 | 3,860 | 75,130 |
| At 31 October 2025 | <u>320,433</u> | <u>529,562</u> | <u>30,831</u> | <u>880,826</u> |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 31 October 2025 | <u>2,608,708</u> | <u>87,926</u> | <u>27,863</u> | <u>2,724,497</u> |
| At 31 October 2024 | <u>2,667,291</u> | <u>100,613</u> | <u>31,723</u> | <u>2,799,627</u> |

6 Stocks

| | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Finished goods and goods for resale | 555,299 | 1,328,406 |

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

7 Debtors

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Amounts falling due within one year: | € | € |
| Trade debtors | 1,417,420 | 552,103 |
| Other debtors | 90,034 | 70,204 |
| Prepayments | 23,996 | 24,537 |
| | <u>1,531,450</u> | <u>646,844</u> |

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|-------|------------------|------------------|
| | | € | € |
| Amounts owed to credit institutions | | 1,456,282 | 1,716,762 |
| Trade creditors | | 1,360,786 | 949,592 |
| Other creditors including tax and social insurance | | (2,474) | 102,002 |
| Accruals | | 11,004 | 17,008 |
| | | <u>2,825,598</u> | <u>2,785,364</u> |

The Bank Of Ireland hold a first legal charge over - Newtownbarry Co Wexford. A floating debenture also held.

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

No general provision or contingencies are included in the financial statements in accordance with FRS 12.

10 Capital commitments

The company has bank borrowings of €1,456,282 to include the overdraft at the year end.

11 Events after the reporting date

There are no major post balance sheet events to report at this time.

13 Directors' transactions

There was no dividend payments made during this financial period.

During the year the Leybourne farming partnership traded with the company they also rented some of the land Jordan Leybourne a son of Johanne and David also traded with the company and rented some of the land.

Johanne and David Leybourne are directors and shareholders of this company.

We understand that business is conducted on an arms length basis.

The shareholding in the company is now 60 shares Johanne and 40 Shares David.

W. D. ROTHWELL & CO LIMITED.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

14 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on 30 March 2026.