

Company Number: 643490

**Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 28 February 2025**

# Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited

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**Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited**  
**DIRECTOR AND OTHER INFORMATION**

<b>Director</b>	Kevin Houlihan
<b>Company Secretary</b>	John Houlihan
<b>Company Number</b>	643490
<b>Registered Office and Business Address</b>	Lyndale Newline Abbeyside Dungarvan Co. Waterford Ireland
<b>Accountants</b>	MK Brazil Unit 1A, Cleaboy Business Park, Waterford.

# Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 28 February 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Current assets	<b>25,948</b>	10,817
Prepayments and accrued income	<b>1</b>	1,125
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<b>(7,332)</b>	(4,023)
<b>Net Current Assets</b>	<b>18,617</b>	7,919
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>	<b>18,617</b>	7,919
Accruals and deferred income	<b>(2,620)</b>	(2,620)
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>15,997</b>	5,299
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>	<b>15,997</b>	5,299

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro-companies' regime and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime".

I as Director of Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014 (as a micro company). The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the micro companies' regime.

**Approved by the Director and authorised for issue on 11 November 2025 :**

**Kevin Houlihan**  
Director

# Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

### 1. General Information

Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. The registered office of the company is Lyndale, Newline, Abbeyside, Dungarvan, Co. Waterford, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-Entities Regime" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a micro company as defined by section 280D of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Related Parties

For the purposes of these financial statements a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions or has joint control over the company;
- the company and the party are subject to common control;
- the party is an associate of the company or forms part of a joint venture with the company;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such as an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- the party is a close family member of a party referred to above or is an entity under the control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the company.

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

#### Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are paid.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors including amounts owed to group companies are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss.

#### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the

# Lyndale Consulting & Services Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Taxation

Current tax is calculated on the profits of the period. Current tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax is not recognised.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions, during the year, which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Share capital of the company

#### Ordinary share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### Exceptional item

Exceptional items are those that the directors' view are required to be separately disclosed by virtue of their size or incidence to enable a full understanding of the company's financial performance.

<b>3. Appropriation of Profit and Loss Account</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Profit/(Loss) brought forward	<b>5,199</b>	(1,367)
Profit for the financial year	<b>10,698</b>	6,566
<b>Profit carried forward</b>	<b>15,897</b>	5,199

#### 4. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 11 November 2025.