

Company Number: 255385

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5 - 9

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Mark Dunne
Director

Dearbhla Brennan
Director

6 February 2026

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 May 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	<u>852,065</u>	-
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	836,170	1,191,463
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>394,246</u>	<u>537,608</u>
		<u>1,230,416</u>	<u>1,729,071</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(248,731)</u>	<u>(233,860)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>981,685</u>	<u>1,495,211</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>1,833,750</u>	<u>1,495,211</u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		127	127
Retained earnings	9	<u>1,833,623</u>	<u>1,495,084</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>1,833,750</u>	<u>1,495,211</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 359 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 6 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Mark Dunne
Director

Dearbhla Brennan
Director

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

1. General Information

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. Westpoint, Blanchardstown Centre, Dublin 15 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The company is a subsidiary of Barkisland (Developments) Ltd and acts as undisclosed agent of the company for the supply of services for the Ben Dunne Gym at Westpoint, Blanchardstown Centre, Dublin 15. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 May 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover comprises of the value of goods and services supplied by the company, exclusive of value added tax. Membership subscription income is recognised evenly over the membership period and pre-paid membership fees are treated as deferred income.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 15% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 12.5% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company provides benefits to employees, including paid holiday arrangements. Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the financial year end date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are translated at the rate of exchange at the date when the fair value was determined. All foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets including trade debtors are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that debtor, which is normally the invoice price. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial assets are measured at amortized cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

Loans and borrowings

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount of cash advanced plus transaction costs incurred, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently loans made by the company are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

All borrowings by the company, with the exception of loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Loans from directors who are natural persons and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons) are initially measured at transaction price and not discounted on subsequent measurement.

The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one year or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors arising from goods purchased from suppliers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount owed to the creditor, which is normally the invoice price. Liabilities that are settled within one year are not discounted. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost, including unlisted investments, loans, trade debtors and cash. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss account in that financial year.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The directors consider the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting judgements and estimates:

Going Concern

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Impairment of amounts owed by group companies

The company has amounts owed by group companies totaling €761,025 (2024: €1,118,452). The company estimates the recoverable amounts of these loans based on current information and expected future performance of these companies in determining the level of debts for which an impairment charge is required. There is no impairment provision considered necessary at the year end.

Useful Lives of Tangible Fixed Assets

Long-lived assets comprising primarily of plant & machinery and Fixtures & Fittings represent a significant portion of total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and, in certain circumstances, estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these useful lives and change them if necessary to reflect current conditions. In determining these useful lives management consider technological change, patterns of consumption, physical condition and expected economic utilisation of the assets. Changes in the useful lives can have a significant impact on the depreciation charge for the financial year. The net book value of tangible fixed assets subject to depreciation at the financial year end date was €852,065 (2024: €Nil).

4. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible assets	192,177	-
Government grants received	-	(1,380)
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 12, (2024 - 12).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Administration	2	2
General Operating Staff	10	10
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
	12	12

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

6. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 June 2024	-	-	-
Additions	601,330	442,912	1,044,242
At 31 May 2025	<u>601,330</u>	<u>442,912</u>	<u>1,044,242</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 June 2024	-	-	-
Charge for the financial year	119,890	72,287	192,177
At 31 May 2025	<u>119,890</u>	<u>72,287</u>	<u>192,177</u>
Net book value			
At 31 May 2025	<u><u>481,440</u></u>	<u><u>370,625</u></u>	<u><u>852,065</u></u>

7. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	3,162	6,371
Amounts owed by group undertakings	761,025	1,118,452
Amounts owed by connected parties (Note 11)	10,211	9,215
Other debtors	4,667	(14)
Taxation	-	1,434
Prepayments	57,105	56,005
	<u>836,170</u>	<u>1,191,463</u>

All debtors are due within one year.

8. Creditors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade creditors	20,197	62,681
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,435	1,489
Amounts owed to connected parties (Note 11)	412	-
Taxation	41,560	13,107
Accruals	39,994	26,299
Deferred Income	145,133	130,284
	<u>248,731</u>	<u>233,860</u>

Trade creditors include amounts owing to suppliers of approximately €13,531 (2024: €1,000) who purport to include reservation of title clauses in their conditions of sale.

9. Income Statement

	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 June 2024	1,495,084	1,389,167
Profit for the financial year	338,539	105,917
At 31 May 2025	<u>1,833,623</u>	<u>1,495,084</u>

Westpoint Fitness & Health Centre Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 May 2025

10. Directors' remuneration	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	<u>22,436</u>	<u>17,679</u>

11. Related party transactions

The company has availed of the exemption under FRS 102 Section 1A in relation to the disclosure of transactions with group undertakings.

As permitted by the Companies Act 2014 the company had transactions with other connected parties. The following amounts are receivable at the financial year end:

	Balance 2025	Balance 2024
	€	€
Ben Dunne Gyms Cherrywood Ltd	8,439	6,589
Ben Dunne Gyms Portlaoise Ltd	1,772	2,626
	<u>10,211</u>	<u>9,215</u>

The following amounts are due to other connected parties:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Ben Dunne Gyms Cherrywood Ltd	412	-

Net balances with other connected parties:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Ben Dunne Gyms Cherrywood Ltd	8,027	6,589
Ben Dunne Gyms Portlaoise Ltd	1,772	2,626
	<u>9,799</u>	<u>9,215</u>

The parties are connected by virtue of common directors.

In the opinion of the directors these amounts arise in the ordinary course of business and the terms of the amounts due are in accordance with the terms ordinarily offered by the company.

12. Parent company

The company regards Barkisland (Developments) Limited as its parent company.

13. Controlling interest

The company was controlled by Mary Dunne a director of the company. On the 10th November 2025 Mary Dunne disposed of her controlling interest to Mark Dunne a director of the company.

14. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year-end.

15. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 6 February 2026.