

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 December 2025**

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.**  
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# **Gavroy Developments Ltd.**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Signed on behalf of the board**

**Liam Doyle**  
**Company Secretary**

**Charlotte Doyle**  
**Director**

**5 March 2026**

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.****BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	57,831	32,370
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	6	5,000	8,200
Debtors	7	132,409	100,000
Cash and cash equivalents		7,443	81,534
		144,852	189,734
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	(74,369)	(150,640)
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		70,483	39,094
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		128,314	71,464
<b>Creditors:</b> amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(314,311)	(337,982)
<b>Net Liabilities</b>		(185,997)	(266,518)
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		4	4
Retained earnings		(186,001)	(266,522)
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		(185,997)	(266,518)

## **Gavroy Developments Ltd.**

### **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Gavroy Developments Ltd., state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 5 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**Liam Doyle**  
**Company Secretary**

**Charlotte Doyle**  
**Director**

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.****RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 31 December 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 January 2024</b>	4	(415,650)	(415,646)
Profit for the financial year	-	149,128	149,128
<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	4	(266,522)	(266,518)
Profit for the financial year	-	80,521	80,521
<b>At 31 December 2025</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>(186,001)</b>	<b>(185,997)</b>

# Gavroy Developments Ltd.

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

### 1. General Information

Gavroy Developments Ltd. is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. Unit S,, Monavalley Industrial Estate,, Tralee, Co. Kerry is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 15% Straight line
Motor vehicles	- 25% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# Gavroy Developments Ltd.

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Share-based payments

The company issues equity-settled and cash-settled share-based payments to certain employees (including directors). Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, together with a corresponding increase in equity, based upon the company's estimate of the shares that will eventually vest.

Fair value is measured using the Black-Scholes Pricing Model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled transaction is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of the cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the transaction is recognised immediately. However, if a new transaction is substituted for the cancelled transaction, and designated as a replacement transaction on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new transactions are treated as if they were a modification of the original transaction, as described in the previous paragraph.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability equal to the portion of the goods and services received is recognised at the current fair value determined at each balance sheet date.

### Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

### Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

<b>3. Operating profit</b>		<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
<b>Operating profit is stated after charging:</b>			
Depreciation of tangible assets		<b>14,888</b>	9,464
Loss/(profit) on disposal of intangible fixed assets		<b>7,131</b>	-
		<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
 <b>4. Employees</b>			
The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 6, (2024 - 5).			
		<b>2025</b>	2024
		<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Directors		<b>2</b>	2
Construction		<b>4</b>	3
		<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
		<b>6</b>	5
		<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
 <b>5. Tangible assets</b>			
	<b>Plant and machinery</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
	€	€	€
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 January 2025	75,863	84,566	160,429
Additions	-	47,480	47,480
Disposals	-	(10,187)	(10,187)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At 31 December 2025	75,863	121,859	197,722
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 January 2025	64,118	63,941	128,059
Charge for the financial year	3,254	11,634	14,888
On disposals	-	(3,056)	(3,056)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At 31 December 2025	67,372	72,519	139,891
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 December 2025	<b>8,491</b>	<b>49,340</b>	<b>57,831</b>
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
At 31 December 2024	11,745	20,625	32,370
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
 <b>6. Stocks</b>		<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale		<b>5,000</b>	8,200
		<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.			
 <b>7. Debtors</b>		<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
Trade debtors		<b>132,409</b>	100,000
		<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

<b>8. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Trade creditors	<b>12,302</b>	45,823
Taxation	<b>28,574</b>	62,078
Directors' current accounts (Note 13)	<b>2,958</b>	4,938
Accruals	<b>30,535</b>	37,801
	<b>74,369</b>	150,640
	<b>=====</b>	<b>=====</b>
<b>9. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Bank loan	<b>268,078</b>	337,982
User definable loan desc.	<b>46,233</b>	-
	<b>314,311</b>	337,982
	<b>=====</b>	<b>=====</b>
<b>Loans</b>		
Repayable in five years or more	<b>314,311</b>	337,982
	<b>=====</b>	<b>=====</b>

**10. Share-based payments**

**Equity-settled share-based payments**

The company has a share option scheme for all employees (including directors). Options are exercisable at a price equal to the average market price of the company's shares on the date of grant. The vesting period is usually ... to ... years. The exercise of options is also dependent on eligible executives meeting performance criteria. The options may not be exercised unless, over the vesting period, the ... has increased by ... %. The options are settled in equity once exercised.

If the options remain unexercised after a period of ... years from the date of grant, the options expired. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the company before the options vest.

In the financial year ended 31 December 2025, options were granted on the following dates: ..... The estimated fair value of the options granted on those dates were ..... respectively. In the financial year ended 31 December 2024, options were granted on the following dates: ..... The estimated fair values of the options granted on those dates were ..... respectively.

**11. Income Statement**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 January 2025	<b>(266,522)</b>	(415,650)
Profit for the financial year	<b>80,521</b>	149,128
	<b>=====</b>	<b>=====</b>
At 31 December 2025	<b>(186,001)</b>	(266,522)
	<b>=====</b>	<b>=====</b>

**12. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2025.

**Gavroy Developments Ltd.**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

<b>13. Directors' remuneration and transactions</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Fees	-	15,000
Remuneration	<b>27,904</b>	27,904
	<u><b>27,904</b></u>	<u>42,904</u>

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Liam Doyle	<b>2,958</b>	4,938
	<u><b>2,958</b></u>	<u>4,938</u>

**14. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**15. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 5 March 2026.