

**Company registration number: 541057**

**Roof Seal Specialists Ltd**  
**Unaudited abridged financial statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

# Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

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## **Roof Seal Specialists Ltd**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

### Accountants' Report to the board of directors on the Unaudited financial statements of Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

We have compiled the abridged financial statements which comprise the balance sheet and related notes of Roof Seal Specialists Ltd for the financial year ended 30 April 2025.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and accountants

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the financial statements. It is our responsibility to compile the financial statements of Roof Seal Specialists Ltd from the accounting records, information and explanations supplied to us by the directors.

#### Scope of work

We compiled the financial statements in accordance with the guidance contained in Compilation Engagements – Technical Statement and the International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us by the directors. We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102"), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the Republic of Ireland and Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014. We have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we have not audited or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such records, information and explanations and, accordingly, express no opinion on the financial statements.



Dermot Neary FCCA

For and on behalf of

Eaton Neary

Chartered Certified Accountants

Custume Place

Athlone

Westmeath

N37 C8P6

30th March 2026

**Roof Seal Specialists Ltd**

**Balance sheet  
As at 30 April 2025**

	Note	2025		2024	
		€	€	€	€
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	7	2,725		5,450	
			2,725		5,450
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	8	23,480		23,209	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,882		11,942	
		29,362		35,151	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	(43,374)		(41,194)	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			(14,012)		(6,043)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			(11,287)		(593)
<b>Net liabilities</b>			(11,287)		(593)
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			2		2
Profit and loss account			(11,289)		(595)
<b>Shareholders deficit</b>			(11,287)		(593)

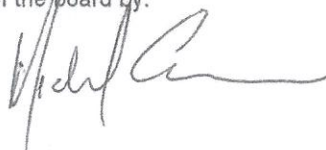
These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

We, as directors of Roof Seal Specialists Ltd state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30/07/2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Michael Currane  
Director



Madeline Currane  
Director

MADÉLINE CURRANE

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these abridged financial statements.

## Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Hawthorn House, Ballinrvinsig, Waterfall, Cork, T12 YFV4.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014.

#### 3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Significant judgements and estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results in the future could differ from those estimates. In this regard, the Directors believe that the critical accounting policies where judgments or estimates are necessarily applied are summarised below.

##### *Useful lives of tangible fixed assets*

The Company estimates the useful lives of tangible fixed assets based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the useful lives.

##### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that it is probable the expenses recognised will be recovered.

## Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor vehicles - 12.5% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

## Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 2 (2024: 3).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	36,443	41,778
Social insurance costs	3,813	4,044
	<u>40,256</u>	<u>45,822</u>

**Roof Seal Specialists Ltd**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
Financial year ended 30 April 2025**

**5. Directors remuneration**

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	-	9,982
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**6. Appropriations of profit and loss account**

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(595)	(21,845)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(10,694)	21,250
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<u>(11,289)</u>	<u>(595)</u>

**7. Tangible assets**

	Motor vehicles	<b>Total</b>
	€	€
<b>Cost</b>		
<b>At 1 May 2024 and 30 April 2025</b>	<u>21,800</u>	<u>21,800</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 May 2024	16,350	16,350
Charge for the financial year	<u>2,725</u>	<u>2,725</u>
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	<u>19,075</u>	<u>19,075</u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	<u>2,725</u>	<u>2,725</u>
At 30 April 2024	<u>5,450</u>	<u>5,450</u>

**8. Debtors**

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	18,570	19,720
Other debtors	4,908	3,487
Prepayments	2	2
	<u>23,480</u>	<u>23,209</u>

Roof Seal Specialists Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
Financial year ended 30 April 2025

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	4,274	5,461
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	12,698	31,293
Accruals	16,882	4,440
Deferred income	9,520	-
	<u>43,374</u>	<u>41,194</u>

10. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on . 30/03/2026