

Company registration number: 589595

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Abridged financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

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Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Director's responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Director's Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable him to ensure that the financial statements and director's report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Independent auditor's special report to Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the director is entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to section 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's director as a body, in accordance with section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's director those matters we are required to state to them under section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's director as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Opinion

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex the abridged financial statements to the annual return of [company name] ('the Company') and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of opinion

We have examined:

- the abridged financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 on pages 6 to 12 to which the directors of the Company propose to annex to the annual return of the Company; and
- the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

Other information

On 5 December 2025 we reported, as auditor of Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited, to the members on the company's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 and our report was as follows:

"Independent auditor's report to the members of Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited (the 'company') for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

**Independent auditor's special report to Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 June 2025 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 3 of the financial statements which states that the company ceased to trade in February 2020. The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern which includes, where appropriate, writing down the company's assets to net realisable value. The financial statements do not include any provision for the future costs of terminating the business of the company except to the extent that such costs were committed at the balance sheet date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the director's report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

**Independent auditor's special report to Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

**Independent auditor's special report to Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Mel McKeown

For and on behalf of
Gilroy Gannon
Chartered Accountant and Statutory Auditor
Stephen Street
Sligo

5th December 2025

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
Current assets					
Debtors	6	100		100	
		<u>100</u>		<u>100</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(159,747)		(159,747)	
Net current liabilities		(159,647)		(159,647)	
Total assets less current liabilities		(159,647)		(159,647)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(757,072)		(757,072)	
Net liabilities		<u>(916,719)</u>		<u>(916,719)</u>	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity		100		100	
Profit and loss account		(916,819)		(916,819)	
Shareholders deficit		<u>(916,719)</u>		<u>(916,719)</u>	

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

I, as director of Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited state that the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 5 December 2025 and signed by:



John Mullin
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 June 2025

1. General information

The financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet and related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (CRO number 589595). The Registered Office is Mullins Foodstores Support Office, Pearse Road, Sligo, Co Sligo, F91 W9KP. The principal place of business of the company is Castlebaldwin, Co.Sligo. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland . The company qualifies as a small company for the period, as defined by section 280A of the Act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Act and Section 1A of FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

In February 2020 the filling station and store closed and the company ceased to trade. The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern which includes, where appropriate, writing down the company's assets to net realisable value. The financial statements do not include any provision for the future costs of terminating the business of the company except to the extent that such costs were committed at the balance sheet date.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The director considers the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting estimates and judgements:

Useful Lives of Tangible Fixed Assets

The annual depreciation on tangible fixed assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reviewed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets. The net book value of Tangible Fixed Assets subject to depreciation at the financial year end date was €- (30 June 2024 :€-).

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 June 2025

Tangible assets

All tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at historic cost. This includes legal fees, stamp duty and other non-refundable purchase taxes, and also any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, which can include the costs of site preparation, initial delivery and handling, installation and assembly, and testing of functionality.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property	- 2%	straight line
Plant and machinery	- 20%	straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 20%	straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is any indication that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. If any such indication exists, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount, resulting in an impairment loss. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

Where the circumstances causing an impairment of an asset other than goodwill no longer apply, then the impairment is reversed through the profit and loss account. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

The recoverable amount of tangible fixed assets, goodwill and other intangible fixed assets is the higher of the fair value less cost to sell of the asset and its value in use. The value in use of these assets is the present value of the cash flows expected to be derived from those assets. This is determined by reference to the present value of the future cash flows of the company which is considered by the directors to be a single cash generating unit.

Capital grants

Grants are recognised at fair value of the asset receivable using the accruals model when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Grants towards capital expenditure are credited to deferred income and are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the related assets, by equal annual instalments. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 June 2025

Financial instruments

Ordinary Share Capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets including trade debtors arising from goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that debtor, which is normally the invoice price. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial assets are measured at amortised cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

Loans and borrowing's

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount of cash advanced plus transaction costs incurred, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently loans made by the company are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

All borrowing's by the company, with the exception of loans from the director who is the natural person and shareholder in the company (or close members of the family of such person), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, borrowing's are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Loans from director who is the natural person and shareholder in the company (or close members of the family of such person) are initially measured at transaction price and not discounted on subsequent measurement.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors arising from goods purchased from suppliers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount owed to the creditor, which is normally the invoice price. Liabilities that are settled within one year are not discounted. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 1 (2024: 1).

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30 June 2025

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2025	198,147	288,997	487,144
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2025	198,147	288,997	487,144
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2025	-	-	-
At 30 June 2024	-	-	-

The company ceased trading in February 2020. The plant & machinery and fixtures, fittings and equipment of the company have been impaired to nil based on a directors valuation. A receiver was appointed to the property of the company during the year ended 30th June 2021. They sold the property for €400,000 during the year ended 30th June 2022 and ceased as receiver on the 21st February 2022.

6. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed by group undertakings (Note 12)	36,968	36,968
Provision for doubtful debts (Note 12)	(36,968)	(36,968)
Prepayments	100	100
	100	100

All debtors are due within one year.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	64,485	64,485
Other creditors including tax and social insurance (Note 9 & 10)	71,759	71,759
Accruals	11,306	11,306
Deferred income (Note 11)	12,197	12,197
	159,747	159,747

The repayment terms of trade creditors vary between on demand and ninety days. No interest is payable on trade creditors. Tax and social insurance are subject to the terms of the relevant legislation. No interest was due at the financial year end date. The terms of accruals are based on the underlying contracts. Other amounts included within creditors not covered by specific note disclosures are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30 June 2025

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts owed to group undertakings (Note 12)	555,585	555,585
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	201,487	201,487
	<u>757,072</u>	<u>757,072</u>

9. Details of indebtedness

Included in the above is an amount of €12,599 (30 June 2024 - €12,599) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments.

10. Obligations under finance leases

The total future minimum lease payments under finance lease agreements are as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Not later than 1 year	(11,112)	(11,112)
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	(1,487)	(1,487)
	<u>(12,599)</u>	<u>(12,599)</u>

11. Capital grants

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	<u>12,197</u>	<u>12,197</u>

The amounts recognised in the financial statements for capital grants are as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Recognised in creditors:		
Deferred capital grants due within one year	<u>12,197</u>	<u>12,197</u>

The company received a capital contribution towards the capital cost of fixtures, fittings and equipment.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 June 2025

12. Related party transactions

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited is a related party of Wild Rose (Newline) Limited, Letterkenny Service Station Limited, Ballyliffin Service Station Limited & Mullin Foodstores Limited, as all companies are 100% subsidiaries of Wildrose Newline Holdings Limited.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited has provided for €19,898 re amounts owed from Ballyliffin Service Station Limited, as this company ceased trading in February 2020 and there is uncertainty over the collectibility of this balance. It also provided for €16,031 relating to Mullins Foodstores Limited as this company had ceased trading during the year ended 30 June 2021 and there was uncertainty over the collectibility of this balance also.

Castlebaldwin Service Station Limited is entitled to avail of exemptions available under FRS 102, Section 33: ("Related Party Disclosures") from disclosing details of transactions with group companies.

13. Controlling party

Wild Rose Newline Holding Limited are considered to be the company's ultimate controlling party. John Mullin controls Wild Rose Newline Holdings Limited.

14. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 5 December 2025.