

**HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED**  
**Abridged Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 March 2025**

**HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED**  
**ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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We have examined:

- i. The abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 on pages 6 to 11 which the directors of Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- ii. the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014 and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors as a body, in accordance with Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's directors those matters we are required to state to them under section 356 of the Companies Act, 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's directors as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

### **Basis of opinion**

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the directors of the company are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the statutory financial statements prepared pursuant to section 290 of the Companies Act 2014.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the directors are entitled to rely on the exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the annual return of the company abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

### **Other Information**

On 09 December 2025, we reported, as auditors, to the members of Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited, on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 to be laid before its Annual General Meeting as required under section 391 in the form required by section 336 of the Companies Act 2014 and our report was as follows:

## **"Report on the audit of the financial statements**

### **Opinion on the financial statements of Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited (the 'Company')**

In our opinion the Company's financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025 and of the loss of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and, in particular, with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- The Profit and Loss Account;
- The Balance Sheet;
- The Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- The related notes 1 to 11, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the Reports and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on IAASA's website at: [http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description\\_of\\_auditors\\_responsibilities\\_for\\_audit.pdf](http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description_of_auditors_responsibilities_for_audit.pdf). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

### **Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014**

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements and the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Kehoe  
For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP  
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

Deloitte & Touche House  
Earlsfort Terrace  
Dublin 2

09 December 2025

## Signing of the Special Report of the statutory auditors:



John Kehoe  
For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP  
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

Deloitte & Touche House  
Earlsfort Terrace  
Dublin 2

09 December 2025

**HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET  
AS AT 31 MARCH 2025**

	Note	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		100	100
Cash at bank and in hand		236	-
		<b>336</b>	<b>100</b>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(500)	-
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>		<b>(164)</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>(164)</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>		<b>(164)</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called-up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		(264)	-
<b>Total shareholder's (deficit)/funds</b>		<b>(164)</b>	<b>100</b>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has relied on the specified exemption contained in s.352 Companies Act 2014; and has done so on the grounds that the Company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with s.353 Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements of Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited (registered number: 725599) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 09 December 2025. They were signed on its behalf by:

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 1D2F1D3C85FA43E...  
 Dermot Kelleher  
 Director

Signed by:  
  
 8DB9AA934C24A8...  
 Bryan Lynch  
 Director

**HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED****STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY****FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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	<b>Called-up share capital</b>	<b>Profit and loss account</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
<b>At 01 April 2023</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>At 31 March 2024</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>At 01 April 2024</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100</b>
Loss for the financial year	-	(264)	(264)
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(264)</b>	<b>(264)</b>
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>(264)</b>	<b>(164)</b>

## **HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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#### **1. Accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year, unless otherwise stated.

#### **General information and basis of accounting**

Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 725599. The registered office of the company is Hambleton House, 19-26 Pembroke Street Lower, Dublin 2, Dublin, D02 WV96, Ireland. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

The functional currency of Hawthorn Solar 08 Limited is considered to be EURO because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

These financial statements are separate financial statements.

#### **Going concern**

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. The Directors have received a letter of support from the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Porto Holdings Limited, confirming that support will be made available for a period of not less than twelve months from the date on which the financial statements are signed.

#### **Taxation**

##### **Current tax**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Balance Sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the Balance Sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to non-depreciable property, plant and equipment measured using the revaluation model and investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset. In other cases, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

## HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at transaction value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the Balance Sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the Company is presented as equity.

### 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised. There are no critical judgements or sources of estimation uncertainty that the directors have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

### 3. Operating loss and loss on ordinary activities before taxation

The Company had no employees in the current or previous financial year.

Operating loss and loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Bank charges	264	-

## HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

#### 4. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2025	2024
	€	€
<b>Current tax on loss on ordinary activities</b>		
Irish corporation tax	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	-	-
<b>Total tax on loss on ordinary activities</b>	-	-

The standard rate of tax applied to reported loss is X% (2024: Y%). The applicable tax rate has changed following the substantive enactment of the Finance Act 20YY. During the financial year beginning 1 January 20WW, the net reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities is expected to increase/(decrease) the corporation tax charge for the financial year by €ZZZ. This is due to [give a brief explanation].

#### Tax reconciliation

The differences between the total tax charge shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of Irish corporation tax to the loss before taxation is as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
<b>Loss on ordinary activities before taxation</b>	<b>(264)</b>	-
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard Irish corporation tax rate of 12.5% (2024: )	(33)	-
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	33	-
<b>Total tax charge for year</b>	-	-

#### 5. Called-up share capital

	2025	2024
	€	€
<b>Allotted, called-up and fully-paid</b>		
100 Ordinary shares of €1.00 each	100	100

The company has one class of shares which carry no right to fixed income.

#### 6. Related party transactions

The Company has availed of the exemption provided in FRS 102 Section 33 Related Party Disclosures not to disclose transactions entered into with fellow group companies that are wholly owned within the group of companies of which the Company is a wholly owned member.

The directors of the Company are deemed to be the key personnel of the Company as defined in Section 33 of FRS 102. No directors' remuneration was paid during the current or previous year.

#### 7. Events after the Balance Sheet date

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

**HAWTHORN SOLAR 08 LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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**8. Ultimate controlling party**

Parent Company:

Elgin Energy HCI Limited

Hamblen House, 19-26 Pembroke Street Lower, Dublin 2, Dublin, Ireland

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Porto Holdings Limited.

The address of Porto Holdings Limited is c/o Amp Technology Centre Advanced Manufacturing Park, Brunel Way, Rotherham, United Kingdom, S60 5WG.

The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners.