

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements

**for the financial period from 10 July 2024 (date of incorporation) to 31 December
2025**

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Contents

	Page
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4
Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 7

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

for the financial period from 10 July 2024 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial period end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial period and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Mr Carl Verlander
Director

5 March 2026

Mr Philip O'Dwyer
Director

5 March 2026

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2025

	Notes	Dec 25 €
Current Assets		
Debtors	6	100
Net Current Assets		<u>100</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>100</u>
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital presented as equity		<u>100</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>100</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Dynamic Office Seating Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial period and of its profit or loss for such a financial period and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 5 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Carl Verlander
Director

Mr Philip O'Dwyer
Director

Dynamic Office Seating Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity
as at 31 December 2025

	Called up share capital €	Total €
Net proceeds of equity Ordinary share issue	100	100
At 31 December 2025	100	100

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

for the financial period from 10 July 2024 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2025

1. General Information

Dynamic Office Seating Limited has not traded since incorporation.

Dynamic Office Seating Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 767526. The registered office of the company is Charter House, 5 Pembroke Row, Dublin 2. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial period ended 31 December 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial period, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Taxation and deferred taxation

The company is managed and controlled in the Republic of Ireland and, consequently, is tax resident in Ireland. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is calculated on the profits of the period. Current tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided in full on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax is recognised in the profit and loss account or other comprehensive income depending on where the revaluation was initially posted.

Dynamic Office Seating Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

for the financial period from 10 July 2024 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2025

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Period of financial statements

The financial statements are for the 17 month 22 days period from 10 July 2024 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2025.

4. Statement on previous periods

The company did not present financial statements for previous periods.

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial period was 2.

	Dec 25 Number
Directors	2

6. Debtors

	Dec 25 €
Other debtors	100

7. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial period-ended 31 December 2025.

8. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial period-end.

9. Control

The company is a private company controlled by its shareholder.

10. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 5 March 2026.