

**Company Number: 272074**

**Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited**  
**Abridged Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

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# Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.


Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Signed on behalf of the board

Signed by:  
  
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**Philip Fitzpatrick**  
Director

27 March 2026 | 7:44 AM GMT

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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**Michael Hanley**  
Director

24 March 2026 | 3:57 PM GMT

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GLENDAWN COUNTRY FRESH HERBS LIMITED**

## **pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014**

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex the abridged financial statements to the annual return of Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited ('the company') and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act (exemptions available to small companies).

### **Basis of opinion**

We have examined :

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 30 April 2025 on pages 7 to 14 which the directors of Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with section 352 of the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to sections 352 and 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company directors in accordance with section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the directors those matters we are required to state to them in our report under section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### **Other Information required by the Companies Act 2014**

On Date: 27 March 2026 we reported to the members on the company financial statements for the financial year ended 30 April 2025 and our report was as follows:

### **"Report on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited ('the company') for the financial year ended 30 April 2025 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 April 2025 and of its loss for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 4 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GLENDAWN COUNTRY FRESH HERBS LIMITED**

## **pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014**

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other Information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Respective responsibilities**

#### **Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GLENDAWN COUNTRY FRESH HERBS LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: [www.iaasa.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Description\\_of\\_auditors\\_responsibilities\\_for\\_audit.pdf](http://www.iaasa.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Description_of_auditors_responsibilities_for_audit.pdf). The description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

## The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company shareholders in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company shareholders for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed."



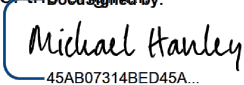
**Neil Squires**

**for and on behalf of  
VISTRA IRELAND**

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm  
Block A, George's Quay Plaza  
George's Quay  
Dublin 2

Date: 27 March 2026

We certify that the auditor's report on pages 4 - 6 made pursuant to section 356(1) of the Companies Act 2014 is a true copy of the original.



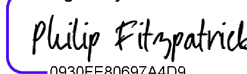
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**Michael Hanley**  
**Secretary**

24 March 2026 | 3:57 PM GMT

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Signed by:



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**Philip Fitzpatrick**  
**Director**

27 March 2026 | 7:44 AM GMT

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	<u>17,561</u>	<u>22,327</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	8	38,186	28,665
Debtors	9	1,099,186	924,218
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>59,503</u>	<u>164,010</u>
		<u>1,196,875</u>	<u>1,116,893</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	10	<u>(320,160)</u>	<u>(210,185)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>876,715</u>	<u>906,708</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u><u>894,276</u></u>	<u><u>929,035</u></u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		3	3
Retained earnings		<u>894,273</u>	<u>929,032</u>
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		<u><u>894,276</u></u>	<u><u>929,035</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited, state that -

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

27 March 2026 | 7:44 AM GMT

Approved by the board on \_\_\_\_\_ and signed on its behalf by:

Signed by:  
  
0930FE80697A4D9  
**Philip Fitzpatrick**  
 Director

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**Michael Hanley**  
 Director

**Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

as at 30 April 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 May 2023</b>	3	874,248	874,251
Profit for the financial year	-	54,784	54,784
<b>At 30 April 2024</b>	3	929,032	929,035
Loss for the financial year	-	(34,759)	(34,759)
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>894,273</b>	<b>894,276</b>

# Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

### 1. General Information

Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. Block 7, Blanchardstown Corporate Park 1, Blanchardstown, Dublin 15 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company consists of the sale of fresh herbs to wholesale and retail outlets. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from a contract for sale of goods is recognised in the period in which the goods are sold in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit and loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	15% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	15% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

### Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are dealt with in the Income Statement as incurred over the period of the rental agreement.

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Statement of Financial Position bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

### Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions or has joint control over the company;
- the company and the party are subject to common control;
- the party is an associate of the company or forms part of a joint venture with the company;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such as an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- the party is a close family member of a party referred to above or is an entity under the control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the company.

### Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

## 3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are listed below;

#### (A) Going Concern

The directors are satisfied that for a period of at least twelve months from the date of the approval of the financial statements, the company has sufficient cash & reserves, which demonstrate that there is no material uncertainty regarding the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and to continue as a going concern. On this basis the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may arise if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

### (B) Useful Lives of Tangible Fixed Assets

The annual depreciation on tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reviewed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets.

### (C) Provisions and accruals

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the probable outflow of resources, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### 4. Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to prepare and submit tax returns to the Revenue Commissioners and to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

<b>5. Operating (loss)/profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	<b>4,766</b>	8,737

#### 6. Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the financial year, was as follows:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>Number</b>	Number
Administration	<b>2</b>	2
Logistics	<b>12</b>	10
Transport	<b>1</b>	1
	<b>15</b>	13

#### 7. Tangible assets

	<b>Plant and machinery</b>	<b>Fixtures, fittings and equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
	€	€	€	€
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 May 2024	19,848	25,593	22,200	67,641
At 30 April 2025	19,848	25,593	22,200	67,641
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 May 2024	8,397	15,087	21,830	45,314
Charge for the financial year	2,507	1,889	370	4,766
At 30 April 2025	10,904	16,976	22,200	50,080
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 April 2025	<b>8,944</b>	<b>8,617</b>	-	<b>17,561</b>
At 30 April 2024	11,451	10,506	370	22,327

continued

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

### NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

<b>8. Stocks</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	<b>38,186</b>	28,665

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

<b>9. Debtors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
Trade debtors	<b>229,240</b>	186,923
Amounts owed by related parties	<b>846,244</b>	723,403
Other debtors	<b>500</b>	500
Taxation	<b>22,942</b>	7,678
Prepayments	<b>260</b>	5,714
	<b>1,099,186</b>	924,218

The debtor amounts above are all due within one year.

Amounts owed by related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured and repayable on demand.

<b>10. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	€	€
Trade creditors	<b>239,224</b>	151,791
Taxation	<b>18,530</b>	6,093
Other creditors	<b>43,601</b>	46,738
Accruals	<b>18,805</b>	5,563
	<b>320,160</b>	210,185

The repayment terms of trade creditors vary between on demand and ninety days. No interest is payable on trade creditors.

The terms of accruals are based on underlying contracts.

Taxation is subject to the terms of the relevant legislation.

Other amounts included within creditors not covered by specific note disclosures are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

### 11. TAXATION

The taxation debtor and (creditor) amounts disclosed in Note 9 and Note 11 above are made up of the following:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
Corporation tax repayable/ (payable)	<b>8,026</b>	(1,759)
PAYE/PRSI (payable)	<b>(18,530)</b>	(4,334)
VAT repayable	<b>14,916</b>	7,678
	<b>4,412</b>	1,585

## Glendawn Country Fresh Herbs Limited

# NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

### 12. Income Statement

	2025 €	2024 €
At 1 May 2024	929,032	874,248
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	<u>(34,759)</u>	<u>54,784</u>
At 30 April 2025	<u>894,273</u>	<u>929,032</u>

### 13. Financial commitments

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land and Buildings	
	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Due:</b>		
Within one year	<u>18,250</u>	<u>18,250</u>

The company pays an annual rent of €18,250 to its parent company.

### 14. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the year-ended 30 April 2025.

### 15. Related party transactions

The company has availed of the exemption under FRS 102 Section 1A in relation to the disclosure of transactions with group undertakings.

### 16. Parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fitzpatricks & Hanleys Limited which trades as 'Caterway' and has an address at Block 7, Blanchardstown Corporate Park 1, Blanchardstown, Dublin 15.

### 17. Controlling interest

Michael Hanley (Director), David Hanley, Phillip Fitzpatrick (Director) and Kieran Fitzpatrick each own 25% of Caterway and therefore control the company.

### 18. Events After the End of the Reporting Period

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

### 19. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on

24 March 2026 | 3:57 PM GMT