

Company registration number 773342 (Republic of Ireland)

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director S Sliman (Appointed 8 October 2024)

Secretary Fethi Riah

Company number 773342

Registered office APT 612
21 TIME PLACE
CORRIG ROAD
SANDYFORD
DUBLIN 18
IRELAND

Accountants McNamara Accounting Services Limited
6-9 Trinity Street
Dublin 2
D02 EY47

Business address APT 612
21 TIME PLACE
CORRIG ROAD
SANDYFORD
DUBLIN 18
IRELAND

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's responsibilities statement	1
Balance sheet	2
Statement of changes in equity	3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 6

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

S Sliman
Director

13 March 2026

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

		31 December 2025	
	Notes	€	€
Current assets		-	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(450)	-
Net current liabilities			(450)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity	7		100
Profit and loss reserves			(550)
Total equity			(450)

I, as director of CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED, state that:

(a) The company is availing itself of the exemption from audit provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.

(b) The company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied.

(c) The shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).

(d) The director acknowledges the obligations of the company, under the Companies Act 2014:

(i) to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year; and

(ii) to otherwise comply with the provisions of this Act relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

(e) The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Statement Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 13 March 2026

S Sliman
Director

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Notes	Share capital €	Profit and loss reserves €	Total €
Balance at		-	-	-
Year ended :				
Profit and total comprehensive income		-	-	-
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance at		-	-	-
Year ended 31 December 2025:				
Loss and total comprehensive income		-	(550)	(550)
Issue of share capital	7	100	-	100
		<u>100</u>	<u>(550)</u>	<u>(450)</u>
Balance at 31 December 2025		<u>100</u>	<u>(550)</u>	<u>(450)</u>

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

Company information

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office is APT 612, 21 TIME PLACE, CORRIG ROAD, SANDYFORD, DUBLIN 18, IRELAND and its company registration number is 773342.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Operating loss

Operating loss for the year is stated after charging:	2025	
	€	€
	=====	=====

CLEARSTOCK SOLUTIONS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2025 Number	Number
Director	1	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5 Taxation

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected credit for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2025 €	€
Loss before taxation	(550)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax of 12.50% (: 0%)	(69)	-
Effective use of Tax Credits	69	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Taxation charge for the year	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 €	€
Other creditors	450	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7 Share capital

	2025 Number	Number	2025 €	€
Ordinary share capital				
Authorised equity				
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary of €1 each	100	-	100	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Authorised				

8 Approval of financial statements

The director approved the financial statements on 13 March 2026.