

Rettoc Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Rettoc Limited
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Rettoc Limited

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland including the accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Irish Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council). Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Eoin Dempsey, for and on behalf of Scriba Secretarial Ltd
Company Secretary

John Cotter
Director



22 January 2026

Rettoc Limited
BALANCE SHEET
as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	135	267
Current Assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		322,464	281,852
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(15,958)	(12,775)
Net Current Assets		306,506	269,077
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		306,641	269,344
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		4	4
Retained earnings	8	306,637	269,340
Shareholders' Funds	9	306,641	269,344

I as Director of Rettoc Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 22 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

**Eoin Dempsey, for and on behalf of Scriba
Secretarial Ltd
Company Secretary**

**John Cotter
Director**



Rettoc Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Ireland and Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014. They comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Accounting Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 1 from the requirement to prepare a Cash Flow Statement because it is classified as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 12.5% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

2. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	132	132
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3. Interest payable and similar expenses	2025	2024
	€	€
Interest	292	293
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Rettoc Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial year was 0.00|0, (2024 - 1).

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Directors	1	1

5. Tax on profit

	2025 €	2024 €
(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year		
Current tax:		
Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 5 (b))	9,415	6,867

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in Republic of Ireland 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%). The differences are explained below:

	2025 €	2024 €
Profit taxable at 12.50%	46,712	41,436
Profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in Republic of Ireland at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)	5,839	5,180
Effects of:		
Close company surcharge	2,443	659
VHI	1,133	1,028
Current tax charge for the financial year (Note 5 (a))	9,415	6,867

6. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
Cost		
At 1 July 2024	7,599	7,599
At 30 June 2025	7,599	7,599
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2024	7,332	7,332
Charge for the financial year	132	132
At 30 June 2025	7,464	7,464
Net book value		
At 30 June 2025	135	135
At 30 June 2024	267	267

Rettoc Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

7. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Taxation	14,294	11,316
Other creditors	219	14
Accruals	1,445	1,445
	15,958	12,775
8. Profit and loss account	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 July 2024	269,340	234,771
Profit for the financial year	37,297	34,569
At 30 June 2025	306,637	269,340
9. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit for the financial year	37,297	34,569
Opening shareholders' funds	269,344	234,775
Closing shareholders' funds	306,641	269,344
11. Approval of financial statements		

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 22 January 2026.