

**SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED
ACCOUNTS 2025**

**SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED
REPORT AND
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025**

SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director	Tiejun Hui
Company secretary	Xin Yu
Registered number	658078
Registered office	44 Leeson Street Lower Dublin 2
Accountants	OSK Audit Limited East Point Plaza, East Point, Dublin 3
Bankers	Allied Irish Bank 40/41 Westmoreland Street Dublin 2

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ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

	Note	2025 €	2024 €
Current assets			
Work in progress	5	4,759,833	3,866,428
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	33,875	31,664
Cash at bank and in hand	7	152,573	54,012
		<u>4,946,281</u>	<u>3,952,104</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(5,179,463)</u>	<u>(4,174,269)</u>
Net current liabilities		(233,182)	(222,165)
Total assets less current liabilities		(233,182)	(222,165)
Net liabilities		(233,182)	(222,165)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Profit and loss account	15	(233,282)	(222,265)
Shareholders' funds		(233,182)	(222,165)

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ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2025

I, as director of Smart 6 Management Ventures Limited, state that:

(a) these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime.

(b) the Company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014.

(c) the Company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 359 are satisfied.

(d) the members of the Company have not served a notice on the Company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2).

(e) I acknowledge the Company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the Company.

(f) the Company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the Company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small Company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements were approved:

Tiejun Hui

Director

Date: 6 March 2026

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

1. General information

The financial statements comprise of the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Statement of Financial Position and the related notes constitute the financial statements of Smart 6 Management Ventures Limited for the financial year ended 31st December 2025.

Smart 6 Management Ventures Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of the Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (CRO number 658078). The company's registered office address is 44 Leeson Street Lower, Dublin 2 which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' report.

1.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), applying Section 1A of that standard

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The company qualifies as a small company for the year, as defined by section 280A of the act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the act and section 1A of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Work in progress

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs include all expenditure which has been incurred in the normal course of business in bringing the products to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the actual value or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts), less all further costs to completion and all costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

Full provision has been made for all damaged, deteriorated, obsolescent and unusable items.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Euro.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in Statement of Income and Retained Earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings within 'other operating income'.

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the financial period and is calculated with reference to the tax rates applying at the financial year end date in the jurisdiction where the tax is applied.

Deferred taxation is calculated on the difference between the company's taxable profits and the results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Full provision for deferred tax assets and liabilities is made at current tax rates on differences that arise between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation, including differences arising on revaluation of fixed assets.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against future taxable profits.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.6 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparations of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The director considers the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting estimates and judgments:

Going Concern

The company has prepared budgets for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements, which demonstrate that there is no material uncertainty regarding the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and to continue as a going concern. The company has a reasonable expectation, at the time of approving the financial statements, that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations. For this reason, the company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2024 - €NIL).

5. Work in progress

	2025 €	2024 €
Work in progress	4,759,833	3,866,428
	<u>4,759,833</u>	<u>3,866,428</u>

6. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Called up share capital not paid	100	100
Prepayments	709	632
VAT repayable	1,031	-
Deferred taxation	32,035	30,932
	<u>33,875</u>	<u>31,664</u>

SMART 6 MANAGEMENT VENTURES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2025 €	2024 €
Cash at bank and in hand	152,573	54,012
	<u>152,573</u>	<u>54,012</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade creditors	53,596	120,000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	453,542	253,542
Taxation and social insurance	-	2,254
Other creditors	4,667,525	3,793,923
Accruals	4,800	4,550
	<u>5,179,463</u>	<u>4,174,269</u>

9. Deferred taxation

	2025 €
At beginning of year	30,932
Credited to Statement of income and retained earnings	1,103
At end of year	<u><u>32,035</u></u>

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

	2025 €
Tax losses carried forward	32,035
	<u><u>32,035</u></u>

10. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

11. Related party transactions

As the undertaking has only entered into transactions with subsidiaries that are wholly owned by a member of the group, it has taken advantage of the exemption in Section 33 of FRS 102, not to disclose transactions with group companies.

12. Ultimate parent, parent undertaking and controlling party

SIEC Group Limited, a company registered in Ireland, hold 100% of the ordinary share capital in Smart 6 Management Ventures Limited and is the parent, ultimate parent company and controlling party of Smart 6 Management Ventures Limited.

13. Directors and secretary's interests in shares of Ultimate parent

The directors and secretary who served during the year and their interests in the ultimate parent company, SIEC Group Limited, were as stated below:

	2025	2024
	%	%
Tiejun Hui	100	100
Xin Yu	-	-
	100	100

14. Going concern

As described in the directors report, the company made a loss of (€11,017) and has negative reserves of (€233,282). The director considers that the economic environment is difficult and the outlook presents significant challenges. Whilst the director has instituted measures to preserve cash, these circumstances create uncertainties over future trading results and cash flows. It also creates uncertainties in the company's ability to continue as a going concern, realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Management have implemented the following plan to address these events and conditions.

- The parent company, SIEC Group Limited, has provided an assurance that the group has the necessary funds available to continue to support the company, and that it will not seek repayment of any intercompany debt unless and until the company is in a position to do so.

The director has concluded that this management plan will significantly improve the company's ability to continue as a going concern, to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

15. Reserves

Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative gains and losses recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, net of transfers to and from other reserves and dividends paid.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025

16. Appropriation of Profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit and loss account brought forward at the beginning of the year	(222,265)	<i>(206,388)</i>
Other movement in the profit and loss account	(11,017)	<i>(15,877)</i>
Profit and loss account carried forward at the end of the year	<u>(233,282)</u>	<u>(222,265)</u>

17. Approval of financial statements

The director approved these financial statements for issue on 6 March 2026