

Company Number: 316235

Cotter & Naessens Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

Cotter & Naessens Limited
CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4
Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 9

Cotter & Naessens Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Louise Cotter
Director

6 November 2025

David Naessens
Director

6 November 2025

Cotter & Naessens Limited
BALANCE SHEET

as at 28 February 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	<u>35,740</u>	<u>43,725</u>
Current Assets			
Stocks	6	3,000	2,150
Debtors	7	418,170	253,974
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>397,023</u>	<u>395,558</u>
		<u>818,193</u>	<u>651,682</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(86,127)</u>	<u>(67,102)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>732,066</u>	<u>584,580</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>767,806</u>	<u>628,305</u>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		3	3
Retained earnings		<u>767,803</u>	<u>628,302</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>767,806</u>	<u>628,305</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Cotter & Naessens Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 6 November 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Louise Cotter
Director

David Naessens
Director

Cotter & Naessens Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
as at 28 February 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 March 2023	3	599,999	600,002
Profit for the financial year	-	28,303	28,303
At 29 February 2024	3	628,302	628,305
Profit for the financial year	-	139,501	139,501
At 28 February 2025	3	767,803	767,806

Cotter & Naessens Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

1. General Information

Cotter & Naessens Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 316235. The registered office of the company is 28 South Mall, Cork City, Cork, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The provision of architectural services. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 28 February 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leased Equipment	-	15% Reducing Balance
Equipment	-	15% Reducing Balance
Computers	-	20% Straight line
Fixture & Fittings	-	20% Reducing Balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Cotter & Naessens Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	9,948	11,533
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 6, (2024 - 6).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Employees	6	6
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Cotter & Naessens Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

5. Tangible assets

	Leased Equipment	Equipment	Computers	Fixture & Fittings	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1 March 2024	3,200	51,410	44,323	85,029	183,962
Additions	-	-	1,963	-	1,963
At 28 February 2025	3,200	51,410	46,286	85,029	185,925
Depreciation					
At 1 March 2024	2,963	49,203	37,629	50,442	140,237
Charge for the financial year	36	465	2,625	6,822	9,948
At 28 February 2025	2,999	49,668	40,254	57,264	150,185
Net book value					
At 28 February 2025	<u>201</u>	<u>1,742</u>	<u>6,032</u>	<u>27,765</u>	<u>35,740</u>
At 29 February 2024	<u>237</u>	<u>2,207</u>	<u>6,694</u>	<u>34,587</u>	<u>43,725</u>

6. Stocks

	2025 €	2024 €
Work in progress	<u>3,000</u>	<u>2,150</u>

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

7. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	128,558	27,885
Directors' current accounts	39,886	40,004
Taxation	230,173	151,603
Prepayments	19,553	34,482
	<u>418,170</u>	<u>253,974</u>

8. Creditors

Amounts falling due within one year	2025 €	2024 €
Amounts owed to credit institutions	-	2,153
Trade creditors	37,862	44,025
Taxation	40,015	12,674
Accruals	8,250	8,250
	<u>86,127</u>	<u>67,102</u>

9. Profit and loss account

	2025 €	2024 €
At 1 March 2024	628,302	599,999
Profit for the financial year	139,501	28,303
At 28 February 2025	<u>767,803</u>	<u>628,302</u>

Cotter & Naessens Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 28 February 2025

10. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 28 February 2025.

11. Directors' remuneration

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	89,403	83,838
Pension contributions	40,000	60,000
	<u>129,403</u>	<u>143,838</u>

12. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

13. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 6 November 2025.