

Coonagh Investments Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 October 2025

Coonagh Investments Limited

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Coonagh Investments Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 October 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Coonagh Investments Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 October 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Investments	4	202	202
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Current Assets			
Debtors	5	198	198
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Current Assets		198	198
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		400	400
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		400	400
Share premium account	6	29,453	29,453
Retained earnings		(29,453)	(29,453)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		400	400
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

We as Directors of Coonagh Investments Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the audit exemption provided for by Chapter 16 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 365(2) are satisfied;

(c) we acknowledge the company's obligations under Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company;

(d) we hereby certify that we have relied on the specific exemption contained in section 365 Companies Act 2014 on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefits of that exemption as a dormant company;

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 5 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

David Wachman
Director

Paul Murphy
Director

Coonagh Investments Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 31 October 2025

	Called up share capital €	Share premium account €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 November 2023	400	29,453	(29,453)	400
At 31 October 2024	400	29,453	(29,453)	400
At 31 October 2025	400	29,453	(29,453)	400

Coonagh Investments Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 October 2025

1. General Information

Coonagh Investments Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 559184. The registered office of the company is Academy House, Fethard, Tipperary, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The company's main activity is to hold certain investments in subsidiary companies. The company is owned 50% by David Wachman and 50% by Mrs Katherine Wachman (the ultimate controlling shareholders). The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 October 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows because it is classified as a small company.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the financial year in which it is receivable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 October 2025

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 0, (2024 - 0).

4. Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings shares	Total
Investments Cost	€	€
At 31 October 2025	202	202
Net book value		
At 31 October 2025	202	202
At 31 October 2024	202	202

5. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Other debtors - Amounts due from shareholders re issued share capital.	198	198

6. Income Statement

	Share premium account €	Profit and loss account €	Total €
At 1 November 2024	29,453	(29,453)	-
At 31 October 2025	29,453	(29,453)	-

Share Premium Reserve

The amount carried forward is the premium that arose from the investment in shares at fair value.

7. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 October 2025.

8. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

9. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 5 February 2026.

Coonagh Investments Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the financial year ended 31 October 2025