

Aisling Park Management Company CLG
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

Aisling Park Management Company CLG

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DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

"General responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Xeinadin, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 March 2025."

Signed on behalf of the board

Yvonne Shanahan

Yvonne Shanahan
Director

Date: 20-02-2026

Gerry Johnston

Jerry Johnson
Director

Date: 20-02-2026

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BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	72,016	72,327
Cash and cash equivalents		22,335	19,678
		<u>94,351</u>	<u>92,005</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(47,879)</u>	<u>(42,138)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>46,472</u>	<u>49,867</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>46,472</u>	<u>49,867</u>
Reserves			
Capital reserves and funds	10	46,472	49,867
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>46,472</u>	<u>49,867</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Aisling Park Management Company CLG, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the members of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 20-02-2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Yvonne Shanahan

Yvonne Shanahan
Director

Gerry Johnston

Jerry Johnson
Director

Aisling Park Management Company CLG RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 31 March 2025

	Special reserve	Total
	€	€
At 1 April 2023	57,115	57,115
Other movements in equity attributable to owners	(7,248)	(7,248)
At 31 March 2024	49,867	49,867
Other movements in equity attributable to owners	(3,395)	(3,395)
At 31 March 2025	46,472	46,472

Aisling Park Management Company CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Aisling Park Management Company CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in Ireland. Redican House, Barrack Street, Ennis, Co. Clare is the registered office. The principal place of business of the company is Aisling Park, Shanaway road, Ennis, Co. Clare. The company is principally engaged in the management of the common areas of a residential development in Aisling Park, Shanaway Road, Ennis, Co Clare. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Income

Turnover represents net service charges receivable from unit holders/tenants for the year. Service charges are billed in accordance with the terms of head lease agreements and as agreed in accordance with Section 18 Multi-Unit Developments Act 2011.

All income arises from the provision of property management services on a not for profit basis to the members of the company.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation

The Company is limited by guarantee under the Companies Act 2014 and is not established for the profit or gain of its members. The Company is not registered for any taxes.

Sinking Fund Contributions

In accordance with Section 19 of the Multi - Unit Development Act 2011, the company must establish a sinking fund to fund non-routine maintenance and other non-routine costs that may arise from time to time. The Sinking Fund is not guaranteed to cover all unexpected costs of a non-recurring nature.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025
to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS102 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on any ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision only affects that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

4. SERVICE CHARGES

All income arises from the provision of property management services on a not-for-profit basis to the members of the company.

Turnover represents net service charges receivable from unit holders / tenants for the year. Service charges are billed in accordance with the terms of head lease agreements.

Turnover for the year ended 31 March 2025 amounts to €25,611 (2024: €25,611).

5. INSURANCE

The insurance policy provided by AXA is for the period ending 23/01/2026.

The insured value of the buildings is €4,900,000 and Fixtures & Fittings is €85,867.

The policy covers material damage, and risks including employers and public liability. There is a standard excess of €5,000.

6. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 4, (2024 - 4).

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Directors	4	4
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
7. DEBTORS	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	64,564	67,164
Prepayments	7,452	5,163
	<u>72,016</u>	<u>72,327</u>
	<u>72,016</u>	<u>72,327</u>
8. CREDITORS	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	46,409	37,997
Accruals	1,470	4,141
	<u>47,879</u>	<u>42,138</u>
	<u>47,879</u>	<u>42,138</u>

The repayment terms of trade creditors vary between on demand and ninety days. No interest is payable on trade creditors.

The terms of the accruals are based on the underlying contracts.

Other amounts included within creditors not covered by specific note disclosures are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

9. STATUS

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding €2.

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for the financial year ended 31 March 2025

10. INCOME STATEMENT

	Special reserve	Total
	€	€
Other movements	(3,395)	(3,395)
At 31 March 2025	<u>46,472</u>	<u>46,472</u>

11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 March 2025.

12. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the financial year end.

13. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20-02-2026.